1 2	SALT LAKE CITY ORDINANCE No of 202_
3 4 5	(Amending Section 2.21.030; Repealing Chapter 18.48 and Enacting Chapter 18.48, Articles I and II; Amending Chapter 18.64, Article I and Enacting Chapter 18.64, Article II)
6 7	An ordinance amending Section 2.21.030, repealing Chapter 18.48 and enacting Chapter
8	18.48, Articles I & II, and amending Chapter 18.64, Article I and enacting Chapter 18.64, Article
9	II of the Salt Lake City Code; and
10	WHEREAS, it is proposed that Section 2.21.030 of the Salt Lake City Code relating to
11	appeals, be amended to clarify the appeals authority of the Housing Advisory and Appeals
12	Board;
13	WHEREAS, it is proposed that Chapters 18.48 and 18.64 of the Salt Lake City Code
14	relating to dangerous buildings and demolition be amended to modify the requirements for
15	boarding, abatement, and demolition of dangerous buildings and structures, adequately describe
16	what constitutes a dangerous and/or boarded building, and what constitutes emergency
17	demolition;
18	WHEREAS, the Salt Lake City Planning Commission held a public hearing on March 28
19	2018 at which the planning commission voted in favor of forwarding a positive recommendation
20	to the Salt Lake City Council on said application; and
21	WHEREAS, after a public hearing on this matter, the city council has determined that
22	adopting this ordinance is in the city's best interests.
23	NOW, THEREFORE, be it ordained by the City Council of Salt Lake City, Utah:

24	SECTION 1. Amending the Text of Salt Lake City Code Section 2.21.030. That Section
25	2.21.030, of the Salt Lake City Code (Administration and Personnel: Housing Advisory Appeals
26	Board: Powers and Authority) shall be amended to read as follows:
27	2.21.030: POWERS AND AUTHORITY:
28	HAAB shall have the power and authority to:
29 30	A. Apply the provisions of <u>*Title 5</u> , <u>eChapter 5.14</u> and <u>*Title 18</u> , <u>eChapter 18.50</u> of this code
31 32 33	B. Hear and decide appeals as specified in-t <u>T</u> itle 5, e <u>C</u> hapter 5.14 and t <u>T</u> itle 18, e <u>C</u> hapter 18.50 of this code;
34 35 36 37 38	C. Modify the impact of specific provisions of <u>*Title 5</u> , <u>eChapter 5.14</u> and <u>*Title 18</u> , <u>eChapter 18.50</u> of this code, where strict compliance with the provisions is economically or structurally impracticable and any approved alternative substantially accomplishes the purpose and intent of the requirement deviated from;
39	D. Conduct housing impact hearings pursuant to <u>‡Title 18</u> , <u>eChapter 18.64</u> of this code;
40 41 42	E. Recommend new procedures to the building official and new ordinances regarding housing to the city council; and
43 44 45 46	F. Conduct abatement hearings pursuant to Hear and decide appeals as specified in <u>t</u> Title 18 eChapter 18.48 of this code.
47	SECTION 2. Repealing and Replacing the Text of Salt Lake City Code Chapter 18.48,
48	Article I. That Chapter 18.48, Article I, of the Salt Lake City Code (Buildings and Construction;
49	Dangerous Buildings; Code Adoption and Administration) shall be and hereby is repealed in its
50	entirety and replaced as follows:
51	Article I. Code Adoption And Administration
52 53 54	18.48.010: Uniform Code For The Abatement Of Dangerous Buildings Adopted 18.48.020: City Council As Governing Body 18.48.030: Housing Inspection Fees
55	18.48.060: Performance Of Abatement Work
56	18.48.070: Recovery Of Cost Of Repair Or Demolition
57	18 18 080. Public Nuisancas. Administrativa Raviow And Limitations

58 59	18.48.010: UNIFORM CODE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF DANGEROUS BUILDINGS ADOPTED:
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61	The uniform code for the abatement of dangerous buildings, 1994 edition, hereinafter
62	sometimes referred to as "UCADB", is adopted by Salt Lake City as the ordinances, rules
63	and regulations of the city, subject to the amendments and exceptions thereto as set out in
64	this chapter; three (3) copies of said code shall be filed for use and examination by the public
65	in the office of the city recorder. The purpose of this code is to provide minimum
66	requirements for the protection of life, limb, health, property, safety and welfare of the
67	general public and the owners and occupants of buildings within the city, and providing for
68	correction of violations thereof. Hereafter, all references in this code to the uniform code for
69	the abatement of dangerous buildings, 1988 edition, adopted by this section, or its successor,
70	are amended and deemed to read the uniform code for the abatement of dangerous buildings,
71	1994 edition.
72	18.48.020: CITY COUNCIL AS GOVERNING BODY:
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74	All references to a governing body in the uniform code for the abatement of dangerous
75	buildings, 1994 edition, as adopted by section 18.48.010 of this chapter, or its successor, are
76	amended to refer to the city council of Salt Lake City, hereinafter "city council", except as
77	specifically amended.
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79	18.48.030: HOUSING INSPECTION FEES:
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81	The fee shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule for an existing single-family
82	dwelling housing unit inspection shall not exceed the amount shown on the Salt Lake City
83	consolidated fee schedule. An additional fee shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee
84	schedule shall be charged for every additional dwelling unit on the premises.
85	
86	18.48.060: PERFORMANCE OF ABATEMENT WORK:
87	
88	Chapter 6 of the uniform code for the abatement of dangerous buildings, 1994 edition,
89	relating to procedures for conduct of hearing appeals, shall be amended as follows:

PROCEDURES FOR CONDUCT OF

HEARING APPEALS

Section 601 UCADB. Hearing.

(a) Petition For Hearing. When any abatement work of repair or demolition is to be done or requested by the city pursuant to the enforcement provisions of this code, except in emergency situations, the building official shall petition the mayor to hold a hearing and order the property owner(s) to show cause why the city should not abate by repair or demolition a substandard or dangerous building or structure constituting a public nuisance.

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Notwithstanding the provision of any other ordinance pertaining to hearings before the mayor, said hearings may be held either before the mayor or the mayor may direct the matter to be heard before a panel of hearing examiners of HAAB to conduct such hearings to determine the facts and make recommendations and findings to the mayor.

(b) Panel Of Hearing Examiners. In the event the mayor may direct a panel of hearing examiners from HAAB to act as hearing examiners in abatement proceedings, HAAB shall select at least three individual members of its board to act as the panel of hearing examiners and designate one as acting chairperson. The mayor or said panel of hearing examiners shall have the power and authority to call, preside at, and conduct hearings to consider whether or not structures are dangerous or substandard buildings under this code constituting a public nuisance to be abated by the city by demolition or repair, including the power to issue subpoenas, administer oaths, examine witnesses, receive evidence, compel attendance of witnesses and/or the production of witnesses or evidence; and based upon the evidence presented, prepare for the approval of the mayor, findings of fact, conclusions of law and proposed orders for said board. Hearings shall be conducted as provided in this code. The owner(s) shall have the right to appear at said hearing in person or by counsel or both, present evidence and oral argument, cross-examine witnesses, and in all proper ways defend the owner(s)' interest.

 (c) Notice Of Abatement Hearing. Reasonable notice (not less than ten [10] days) of the time and place of said hearing together with a petition for abatement setting forth the nature of the complaint against the property sufficient to reasonably inform the owner(s) and enable them to answer the charges of the complaint, shall be served upon the owner(s) personally or by mailing a copy to the owner(s) at their last known address appearing on the last assessment rolls for the property on file in the county assessor's office.

 (d) Action By Hearing Examiners. Within thirty (30) days of the conclusion of abatement hearings held before HAAB's panel of hearing examiners as provided in (a) and (b) above, said panel shall submit to the office of the mayor a report of written findings of fact, conclusions, recommendations and proposed order based upon and supported by the evidence presented at the hearing. A copy of such findings, conclusions, recommendations and order shall be mailed or delivered to each party on the date they are filed with the office of the mayor.

(e) Consideration Of Report. The office of the mayor shall fix a date, time and place to consider the panel of hearing examiners' report and proposed recommendations. Notice thereof shall be mailed to each party to the action not less than ten (10) days prior to the date fixed unless otherwise stipulated by all parties.

 (f) Exceptions To Report. Not later than two (2) days before the date set to consider said report, any party may file with the city recorder two copies of written exceptions, proposed additional or alternative findings to any part or all of the hearing examiners' report and may attach thereto a proposed decision together with written argument in

.47	support of such decision. Such exception must also indicate whether or not the party
.48	desires to present oral argument, which may be heard only with the consent of the mayor
.49	and said argument shall be confined to the issues set forth in the written exceptions or as
.50	otherwise limited by the mayor.
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.52	(g) Disposition By The Mayor. The mayor may adopt the report of findings as the basis
.53	for its action in the abatement proceedings, or upon filing its own statement of the legal
.54	or substantial basis in the record therefor, it may:
.55	(i)Reject all or any portion of the report's findings and remand the same back to the
.56	same panel of hearing examiners for further hearing and findings on specific issues;
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.58	(ii) Disregard any portion of the report's findings and proceed to take action upon the
.59	remainder of the findings;
.60	
.61	(iii) Substitute alternative or additional findings of fact on the issues presented to the
.62	examiners, if the substituted findings are supported by a preponderance of the
.63	evidence in the record.
.64	Upon remand of any portion of the panel's reported findings, the same panel of
.65	examiners shall conduct further hearing proceedings to the extent necessary to make
.66	findings on the issues remanded for further hearing. Upon remand, the panel of
.67	examiners shall prepare and submit its revised report and findings as provided in (d)
.68	above. Consideration of the revised report by the mayor shall comply with (e) - (g)
.69	above.
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.71	(h) Order Of The Mayor. Upon disposition, the decision of the mayor shall be made in
.72	written order supported by findings of facts, which may be those submitted by the panel
.73	of hearing examiners if approved and adopted by said board or as the report may be
.74	modified, reversed or rejected by the mayor. A copy of the decision shall be mailed to
.75	parties in interest or their counsel. All orders entered by the mayor shall be final and shall
.76	be effective as of the date stated in such written order. Said order shall specify the
.77	manner in which the expense of any abatement work ordered shall be charged and
.78	collected from the owner(s) as an individual obligation, a special assessment, and/or as a
.79	certified property lien as provided below.
.80	Section 801 UCADB. Abatement Work.
.81	(a) Procedure To Accomplish Abatement Work. Upon the order of the mayor to complete
.82	abatement work by demolition or repair, the building official shall cause the work to be
.83	accomplished by city personnel or by private parties under his direction. Plans,
.84	specifications, bidding proposals, etc. therefor, may be prepared by the building official
.85	or his designee, or said official may employ such appropriate professional assistance that
.86	he may deem reasonably necessary.
.87	
.88	(b) Expense To Be Charged To Owner. The expense of such work, including costs of

189	professional assistance, shall be paid from the repair and demolition abatement fund and
190	charged against the property and/or its owner(s), placed as a special assessment on city
191	tax rolls, and/or certified directly to the county treasurer as a certified property tax lien,
192	whichever the mayor shall determine is appropriate at the time the order is entered.
193	Section 802 UCADB. Repair And Demolition Abatement Fund.
194	(a) Use Of Fund. The city council shall establish a special revolving fund to be
195	designated as the repair and demolition abatement fund and shall oversee its
196	administration. Recommendations to the mayor for the use of the fund may be made by
197	HAAB. Upon the order of the mayor for the building official to proceed with abatement
198	work, the building official may make demand for disbursements to be made out of said
199	fund to defray costs and expenses which may be incurred by the city in doing or causing
200	to be done the necessary abatement work as ordered.
201	
202	(b) Revolving Fund. The city council may, at any time, transfer to said repair and
203	demolition abatement fund, out of any money in the city's general fund or such other
204	sources that may be available, such sums as it may deem necessary in order to expedite
205	the performance of abatement work. Such sums, though transferred to the fund, may be
206	deemed a grant, or at the option of the city council, may be deemed a loan to said fund
207	which may be repaid out of the proceeds of collection as hereinafter provided for. All
208	funds collected under the proceedings hereinafter provided for, shall be paid to the city
209	treasurer who shall credit the same to the repair and demolition abatement fund.
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211	18.48.070: RECOVERY OF COST OF REPAIR OR DEMOLITION:
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213	Chapter 9 of the uniform code for the abatement of dangerous buildings, 1994 edition, shall
214	be amended to read as follows:
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216	RECOVERY OF COST OF REPAIR OR DEMOLITION
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218	Section 901 UCADB. Account Of Expense And Filing Of Reports. Contents.
219	The building official shall keep an itemized account of expense incurred by the city in the
220	abatement by work authorized by an order of the mayor under this code. Within ten days
221	of the completion of the abatement work of demolition or repair as ordered by the mayor,
222	said building official shall prepare and file with the city recorder a report specifying the
223	work done, the itemized and total cost of the work to be reimbursed, a description of the
224	real property upon which the building or structure is or was located, and the name and
225	addresses of the property owner(s) joined as parties in the abatement proceeding or
226	otherwise entitled to notice pursuant to this code.
227	
228	Concurrently, the building official shall file three copies of the account with the county
229	treasurer and mail a fourth copy of the account to the named property owner(s)
230	demanding payment within twenty days of the date of mailing by certified or registered

mail to the last known address of the property owner, or the address shown on current property tax rolls.

Section 903 UCADB. Protests And Objections. How Made.

Any property owner(s) or interested parties affected by the proposed charge who desire to protest the amount or method of collection, shall file a written protest or objection with the city recorder within twenty days of the date of the demand and mailing of the report. Each such protest or objection shall contain a description of the property involved and state the grounds of such protest or objection. The city recorder shall endorse on every such protest or objection the date it was received in the recorder's office and shall present such protest or objections to the office of the mayor to be set for hearing and no other protest or objection shall be considered. The office of the mayor shall fix a time, date, and place for hearing of said objection and shall cause the city recorder to prepare notice of said hearing to be posted upon the property involved, published once in a newspaper of general circulation in the city, and served by certified mail, postage prepaid, addressed to the owner(s) of the property at the address as it appears on the building official's report or on the address submitted on the protest. Such notice shall be given at least seven (7) days prior to the date set for hearing and shall specify the date, hour and place when the mayor will hear and pass upon the building official's report, together with the objections and protests that have been filed.

Section 904 UCADB. Hearing Of Protest And Approval Of Report.

Upon the day and hour fixed for hearing, the mayor shall hear and pass upon the report of the building official together with objections made thereto. The mayor may make such revision, correction, or modification in the report or the charge as deemed just. When the mayor is satisfied with the correctness of the charge, the report (as submitted or as revised, corrected or modified) together with the charge shall be affirmed or rejected. The decision of the mayor on the report and the charge, and all protests, and objections thereto shall be final and conclusive.

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If no objections to the items of the report are so filed or made within twenty (20) days of the date of the mailing of such report by the building official, the city recorder shall so certify upon the report which shall be deemed to be approved by the mayor. In the event the abatement order of the mayor directed the charge to be certified to the county treasurer as a certified lien to be included upon the county tax rolls, the recorder shall send a copy of the approved report to the city treasurer and certify the same as a lien to the county treasurer and the board of county commissioners.

Section 905 UCADB. Method Of Collection.

(a) Selection Of Method: The mayor, in its order of abatement work as provided herein or in its order as it may be modified upon a hearing and protest, may order that the charge of any abatement work shall be made a personal obligation of the property owner, a special

city assessment against the property involved, and/or be placed as a certified lien on the assessment rolls of the county.

- (i) Personal Obligation. If the mayor orders that the charge to be made a personal obligation of the property owner, it shall direct the city attorney to collect the same on behalf of the city by use of all appropriate legal remedies.
- (ii) Special City Assessment. If the mayor orders the charge to be assessed as a special city assessment against the property, it shall confirm the assessment and direct the city recorder to transmit the building official's report to the city treasurer to be recorded on the special assessment roll on the city tax rolls, and thereafter said assessment shall constitute a special assessment against and a lien upon the property.
- (iii) Certified lien against property to be collected with property taxes. If the mayor orders abatement by demolition and orders the charge for such expense, in addition to being assessed as a special assessment against the property, to be certified to the county treasurer for placement upon its appropriate rolls to be collected by the county treasurer at the same time and in the same manner as general property taxes, then the city recorder at the expiration of demand period (twenty days from the date of the mailing of the itemized statement from the building official) if no objections are filed within said period, or upon the action of the mayor following the hearing of an objection or protest, shall submit the county treasurer's office a certification that the amount approved as a special assessment is to be placed as a certified lien against the property for the improvement of real property.

(b) Action By County Treasurer Upon Certified Lien. Upon the receipt of the itemized statement in triplicate from the building official, and the certification from the city recorder relating to the costs of abating such structure by demolition, the county treasurer shall forthwith mail one copy to the owner(s) of the land from which the same were removed, together with notice that objection in writing may be made within thirty days to the whole or any part of the statement so filed with the board of county commissioners. The county treasurer shall at the same time deliver a copy of the statement to the clerk of the board of county commissioners and the city recorder. If objections to any statement are filed with said County Commissioners within thirty days, the objections shall be set for hearing, giving notice thereof to the owner(s) of the property involved and the protestant, together with a copy thereof to the county treasurer, the building official and city attorney. The board of county commissioners, upon the hearing of the same, shall fix and determine the actual cost of abating said structures and report their findings to the county treasurer. If no objections to the statement so filed are made within thirty days of the date of the mailing of such itemized account by the county treasurer, said treasurer shall enter the amount of said statement upon the assessment rolls of the county in the column prepared for the proposed certified liens; and likewise, within ten days from the board of county commissioners' action upon objections filed, shall enter in the prepared column upon tax rolls the amount found by the board of county commissioners as the cost of such abatement work. If current tax notices have been mailed for the year, said certified lien may be carried over on the rolls of the county treasurer to the following

314	year. After the entry by the county treasurer of the costs for such abatement work, the
315	amount so entered shall have the force and effect of a valid judgment of the district court,
316	and shall be a lien upon the property involved and shall be collected by the county
317	treasurer at the time of the payment of general taxes. Upon payment thereof, receipt shall
318	be acknowledged upon the general tax receipt issued by the county treasurer and the
319	funds shall be reimbursed back to the city treasurer and credited to the repair and
320	demolition abatement fund.
321	Section 906 UCADB. Contest - Time Limitation.
322	The validity of any assessment made under the provisions of this chapter shall not be
323	contested in any action or proceeding unless the same is commenced in a court of
324	competent jurisdiction within thirty days after the assessment is placed upon the
325	assessment rolls provided herein. An appeal from a final judgment in such action or
326	proceeding must be perfected within thirty days after the entry of such judgment.
327	Section 907 UCADB. Authority Or Installment Payment Of Assessments With Interest.
328	The mayor, in his/her discretion, may determine that assessments which are special
329	assessments on city tax rolls in amounts of \$500 or more, may be payable in not to
330	exceed five equal annual installments. The mayor's determination to allow such
331	assessments to be paid in installments, the number of installments, and whether they shall
332	bear interest and the rate thereof, shall be specified in the order of abatement, or any
333	order issued as a result of a protest or objection to the building official's report. Said
334	authority to allow installment payments of assessments with interest, shall only be
335	allowed on special assessments placed on the city tax rolls, and shall not apply to any
336	assessments which are directed to be placed as a certified tax lien on county tax rolls.
337	Section 908 UCADB. Lien Of Assessment.
338	(a) Priority. Immediately upon its being placed on the assessment rolls of either the city
339	treasurer's office or the county treasurer's office, the assessment shall be deemed to be
340	complete, the several amounts shall be payable, and the assessments shall be liens against
341	the lot or parcels of land assessed respectively. The liens shall be subordinate to all
342	existing special assessment liens previously imposed upon the same property, and shall
343	be paramount to all other liens, except for state, county and municipal taxes with which it
344	shall be upon a parity. The lien of the special assessment placed on the special tax
345	assessments of the city treasurer's office, shall continue until the assessment and all of
346	the interest due and payable thereon are paid. The lien of any special assessment certified
347	and placed upon the tax rolls of the county treasurer's office, shall continue until the
348	assessment and all interest due and payable thereon are paid or otherwise collected in the
349	same manner as general taxes or are sold pursuant to the general law and taxes.
350	
351	(b) Interest. All such assessments appearing on the city treasurer's assessment rolls which
352	remain unpaid after thirty days from the date of recording on the assessment rolls, shall
353	become delinquent and shall bear interest at the rate of seven percent (7%) per annum

354	from and after said date. All such assessments which remain unpaid after the date of
355	recording on the assessment roll within the county treasurer's office, shall become
356	delinquent and shall bear interest as provided by the laws affecting the collection of
357	general taxes.
358	Section 909 UCADB. Report To Assessor And Tax Collector; Addition To Assessment Of
359	City Tax.
360	After confirmation of the building official's report, certified copies of the assessment
361	shall be given by the city recorder to the city assessor and the city treasurer, who shall
362	add the amount of the assessment as a special assessment to the next regular tax bill
363	levied against the parcel for municipal purposes. A certified copy of the assessment and
364	all assessments for the special assessments for charges made from the repair and
365	demolition abatement fund, may be filed by the city treasurer with the County Auditor on
366	or before August 10. The descriptions of the parcels reported shall be those used for the
367	same parcels on the County Assessor's map book for the current year.
368	Section 911 UCADB. Collections Of Assessments; Penalties For Foreclosure.
369	The amount of the special assessment shall be collected at the same time and in the same
370	manner as the ordinary municipal taxes are collected; and shall be subject to the same
371	penalties and procedure and sale in case of delinquency as provided for ordinary
372	municipal taxes. All laws applicable to the levy, collection and enforcement of municipal
373	taxes shall apply to such assessments which appear upon the rolls of the city assessor and
374	treasurer.
375	
376	If the mayor has determined that the charge shall be placed as an assessment upon the
377	city tax rolls, and that said assessment shall be paid in installments, each installment and
378	any interest thereon shall be collected in the same manner as ordinary municipal taxes in
379	successive years. If any installment is delinquent, the amount thereof is subject to the
380	same penalties and procedure for collection as provided for ordinary municipal taxes.
381	Section 912 UCADB. Repayment Of Repair And Demolition Fund.
382	All money recovered by payment of the charge or assessment or from the sale of the
383	property at foreclosure sale shall be paid to the city treasurer who shall credit the same to
384	the repair and demolition abatement fund.
385	1
386	18.48.080; PUBLIC NUISANCES; ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW AND
387	LIMITATIONS:
388	A. Public Nuisance Structures: Any structure which has been boarded and/or vacant over
389	two (2) years is declared to be a public nuisance as detrimental to the safety and public
390	welfare of the residents and property values of this city.

391	B. Administrative Review And Time Limitation: Any aggrieved property owner or other
392	interested party may seek review of HAAB's decision by filing a written petition for
393	review, together with advertising costs, requesting a public hearing before the office of
394	the mayor within thirty (30) days of HAAB's written decision. The petitioner shall be
395	responsible for all costs of advertising. On review, the office of the mayor shall determine
396	from the minutes whether or not HAAB's decision was reasonably related to the
397	information provided and, if so, shall sustain its action. Only if the office of the mayor
398	should find HAAB's decision to be unreasonable or arbitrary insofar as it is unsupported
399	by the facts and evidence presented in HAAB, shall it reverse or modify HAAB's
400	decision. Any party which fails to request a review as provided herein, shall be deemed to
401	have waived such review.
402	Article I. Repair, Vacation, or Boarding of Dangerous Buildings
403	
404	18.48.010: Title:
405	18.48.020: Purpose and Scope:
406	18.48.030: Definitions:
407	18.48.040: Authority to Enforce:
408	18.48.050: Procedure Upon Determination of a Violation:
409	18.48.060: Notice to Vacate:
410	18.48.070: Extension of Time to Perform Work:
411	18.48.080: Appeals:
412	18.48.090: City's Abatement of Property:
413	18.48.100: Recovery of Costs:
414	18.48.110: Applicability of Building Code:
415	18.48.120: Public Nuisances:
416	40 40 040 TYPY F
417	<u>18.48.010: TITLE:</u>
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419	This chapter and the provisions included herein constitute Salt Lake City's Dangerous
420	Building Code, and will be referred to hereinafter as "the Dangerous Building Code" or "this
421	Code." This Code is modeled after the Uniform Code for the Abatement of Dangerous
422	Buildings, 1997 Edition, and has only been adopted as stated herein.
423	10 40 020. DUDDOSE AND SCODE.
424	18.48.020: PURPOSE AND SCOPE:
425 426	It is the purpose of the Dangerous Building Code to provide just, equitable, and practicable
427	methods to require the repair, vacation, or temporary boarding of buildings or structures that
428	endanger the life, limb, health, morals, property, safety, or welfare of the general public or
429	their occupants. The provisions of this Dangerous Building Code are cumulative and in
430	addition to any other remedy provided by law.
431	

18.48.030: **DEFINITIONS**:

A. BUILDING CODE: The International Building Code, or its successor, promulgated by the International Code Council, as adopted by the state.

<u>B.</u>	BOARDED BUILDING: A building in which accessible openings, such as windows are doors, are secured by a secondary means against entry. Examples of securing a building by a secondary means includes, but is not limited to, boarding and fencing.	
	by a secondary means includes, but is not limited to, boarding and lending.	
<u>C.</u>	DANGEROUS BUILDINGS: For the purpose of this Dangerous Building Code, any building or structure that has any or all of the conditions or defects hereinafter describe may be deemed to be a dangerous building, provided that such conditions or defects ex to the extent that the life, health, property, or safety of the public or its occupants are endangered.	_
	1. Whenever any door, aisle, passageway, stairway or other means of exit is not of sufficient width or size or is not so arranged as to provide safe and adequate means exit in case of fire or panic.	<u>of</u>
	2. Whenever the walking surface of any aisle, passageway, stairway or other means of exit is so warped, worn, loose, torn or otherwise unsafe as to not provide safe and adequate means of exit in case of fire or panic.	Ţ
	3. Whenever the stress in any materials, member or portion thereof, due to all dead an live loads, is more than one and one half times the working stress or stresses allowed in the Building Code for new buildings of similar structure, purpose or location.	
	4. Whenever any portion thereof has been damaged by fire, earthquake, wind, flood, or by any other cause, to such an extent that the structural strength or stability thereof materially less than it was before such catastrophe and is less than the minimum requirements of the Building Code for new buildings of similar structure, purpose, or location.	<u>is</u>
	5. Whenever any portion or member or appurtenance thereof is likely to fail, or to become detached or dislodged, or to collapse and thereby injure persons or damage property.	
	6. Whenever any portion of a building, or any member, appurtenance, or ornamentation on the exterior thereof is not of sufficient strength or stability, or is not so anchored attached, or fastened in place so as to be capable of resisting a wind pressure of one half of that specified in the Building Code for new buildings of similar structure, purpose or location without exceeding the working stresses permitted in the Building Code for such buildings.	2
	7. Whenever any portion of a building or structure has wracked, warped, buckled, or settled to such an extent that walls or other structural portions have materially less resistance to winds or earthquakes than is required in the case of similar new construction.	

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485 486 8. Whenever the building or structure, or any portion thereof, because of (i) dilapidation,

instability of any portion of the ground necessary for the purpose of supporting such

building; (iv) the deterioration, decay or inadequacy of its foundation; or (v) any other

deterioration or decay; (ii) faulty construction; (iii) the removal, movement or

cause, is likely to partially or completely collapse.

487	9. Whenever, for any reason, the building or structure, or any portion thereof, is
488	manifestly unsafe for the purpose for which it is being used.
489	
490	10. Whenever the exterior walls or other vertical structural members list, lean, or buckle
491	to such an extent that a plumb line passing through the center of gravity does not fall
192	inside the middle one third of the base.
493	
194	11. Whenever the building or structure, exclusive of the foundation, shows 33 percent or
495	more damage or deterioration of its supporting member or members, or 50 percent
496	damage or deterioration of its non-supporting members, enclosing or outside walls or
497	coverings.
498	
199	12. Whenever the building or structure has been so damaged by fire, wind, earthquake, or
500	flood, or has become so dilapidated or deteriorated as to become an attractive
501	nuisance to children or as to enable persons to resort thereto for the purpose of
502	committing unlawful acts.
503	
504	13. Whenever any building or structure has been constructed, exists, or is maintained in
505	violation of any specific requirement or prohibition applicable to such building or
506	structure provided by the building regulations of this jurisdiction, as specified in the
507	Building Code or Housing Code, or of any law or ordinance of this state or
508	jurisdiction relating to the condition, location, or structure of buildings.
509	
510	14. Whenever any building or structure which, whether or not erected in accordance with
511	all applicable laws and ordinances, has in any non-supporting part, member or portion
512	less than 50 percent, or in any supporting part, member or portion less than 66 percent
513	of the (i) strength, (ii) fire-resisting qualities or characteristics, or (iii) weather-
514	resisting qualities or characteristics required by law in the case of a newly constructed
515	building of like area, height and occupancy in the same location.
516	culturing of this urea, neighbound occupancy in the same recurrent
517	15. Whenever a building or structure, used or intended to be used for dwelling purposes,
518	because of inadequate maintenance, dilapidation, decay, damage, faulty construction
519	or arrangement, inadequate light, air or sanitation facilities, or otherwise, is
520	determined by the health officer to be unsanitary, unfit for human habitation, or in
521	such a condition that is likely to cause sickness or disease.
522	such a condition that is fixely to cause siekliess of disease.
523	16. Whenever any building or structure, because of obsolescence, dilapidated condition,
524	deterioration, damage, inadequate exits, lack of sufficient fire-resistive construction,
525	faulty electric wiring, gas connections or heating apparatus, or other cause, is
525 526	determined by the fire marshal to be a fire hazard.
020	determined by the fire marshar to be a fire hazard.

527		
528		17. Whenever any building or structure is in such a condition as to constitute a public
529		nuisance known to the common law or in equity jurisprudence.
530		
531		18. Whenever any portion of a building or structure remains on a site after the demolition
532		or destruction of the building or structure or whenever any building or structure is
533		abandoned for a period in excess of six months so as to constitute such building or
534		portion thereof an attractive nuisance or hazard to the public.
535		
536	D.	DIVISION: Salt Lake City's Division of Building Services, or the successor Salt Lake
537		City division authorized to perform the repair, vacation, or boarding of a building under
538		this chapter.
539		
540	E.	HOUSING CODE: The Salt Lake City Existing Residential Housing Ordinance as
541	_	promulgated in Chapter 18.50 of the City Code.
542		
543	F.	VACANT/SECURE BUILDING: An unoccupied building having all openings, such as
544	_	windows and doors, secured against entry, where windows are fully glazed and the doors
545		are secured by means of a lock.
546		
547	18.	48.040: AUTHORITY TO ENFORCE:
548		
549	A.	Authority to Enforce: The building official or designee is hereby authorized to enforce
550		the provisions of this Dangerous Building Code. The building official shall have the
551		power to render interpretations of this Dangerous Building Code and to adopt and enforce
552		rules and supplemental regulations to clarify the application of its provisions. Such
553		interpretations, rules, and regulations shall be in conformity with the intent and purpose
554		of this Dangerous Building Code.
555		er une Bungere un Buntumg e eure.
556	B.	Authority to Inspect: The building official or their designee is hereby authorized to make
557		inspections and take such actions as may be required to enforce the provisions of this
558		Dangerous Building Code.
559		Dungerous Burianig Court
560	C.	Buildings or Structures Subject to Inspection: Any building or structure, where there is
561	<u> </u>	reasonable cause to believe a condition exists that renders the building or structure in
562		violation of the provisions of this code, is subject to inspection by the building official or
563		their designee in the manner provided by this Dangerous Building Code.
564		their designee in the mainter provided by this bungerous bunding code.
565	D.	Inspection When Permit Required: All construction or work for which a permit is
566	<u>D.</u>	required is subject to inspection by the building official or their designee in accordance
567		with and in the manner provided by this Dangerous Building Code.
568		with and in the manner provided by this Dangerous Dunding Code.
569	E.	Inspections: The building official or their designee may enter a building or structure at
570	<u>12.</u>	reasonable times to inspect or to perform the duties imposed by this Dangerous Building
3/0		reasonable times to hispect of to perform the duties imposed by this Dangerous Building

571

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Code.

573			the building or structure is occupied, the building official or designee shall present
574		cre	edentials to the occupant and request entry.
575		2 If	the building or structure is unecounied the building official or their decience shall
576 577		ma	the building or structure is unoccupied, the building official or their designee shall ake reasonable efforts to locate the owner or other persons having charge or control
578		<u>of</u>	the building or premises and request entry.
579			
580			entry is refused, the building official or their designee shall have recourse to the
581		<u>rei</u>	medies provided by law to secure entry.
582	10	40.050	A. DDOCEDUDE UDON DETERMINATION OF A VIOLATION.
583	18.	<u>.48.050</u>	: PROCEDURE UPON DETERMINATION OF A VIOLATION:
584 585 586	<u>A.</u>		ion of Action: When the building official has inspected or caused to be inspected uilding and has found and determined that such building is a dangerous building,
587		the bu	ilding official shall commence proceedings to cause the repair, vacation, or
588		<u>boardi</u>	ing of the building.
589			
590	<u>B.</u>		of Notice and Order: The building official shall issue a written notice and order
591		directe	ed to the record owner of the building.
592		1 1701	2 1 1 1 1
593		<u>1.</u> <u>Th</u>	ne notice and order shall:
594			11t'ft
595		<u>a.</u>	Identify the property owner of record according to the records of the Salt Lake
596			County Recorder;
597 598		b.	Describe the property and contain a statement that the building official has found
599		<u>0.</u>	the building to be dangerous with a brief and concise description of the conditions
600			found to render the building dangerous under the provisions of this code; and
601			iound to remain the culturing duningerous under the provisions of this code, und
602		c.	Require the property owner to take action as determined by the building official.
603		_	
604			i. If the building official has determined that the building or structure must be
605			repaired or boarded, the order shall require that all required permits be secured
606			and the work physically commenced within such time as the building official
607			shall determine is reasonable under all of the circumstances, which time shall
608			not be less than 10 days from the date after the day the notice is delivered in
609			person or postmarked.
610			
611			ii. If the building official has determined that the building or structure must be
612			vacated, the order shall require that the building or structure shall be vacated
613			within a time certain from the date of the order as determined by the building
614			official to be reasonable, which time shall not be less than 10 days from the
615			date after the day the notice is delivered in person or postmarked.
616		1	
617		<u>d.</u>	
618			property is not commenced within the time specified in Subsection

619		18.48.050.B.1.c.i, the building official will order the building vacated and posted
620		to prevent further occupancy until the work is completed and may proceed to
621		cause the work to be done and recover the costs as set forth in Section 18.48.100.
622		
623		e. A statement that (i) any person having any record title or legal interest in the
624		building may appeal from the notice and order of the building official, except for
625		an objection from an itemized statement of costs, to the Housing Advisory and
626		Appeals Board as established in this chapter, provided the appeal is made in
627		writing as provided in this code and filed with the building official within 30 days
628		from the date of service of such notice and order; and (ii) failure to appeal will
629		constitute a waiver of all right to an administrative hearing and determination of
630		the matter.
631		
632	<u>C.</u>	Service: The written notice and order, and any amended or supplemental notice and
633		order, shall be served on the property owner of record according to the records of the
634		county recorder. Service shall be made in person or by certified or commercial courier
635		service. The failure of any such person to receive such notice shall not affect the validity
636		of any proceedings taken under this section. Service by certified mail in the manner
637		herein provided shall be effective on the date the notice and order are postmarked.
638	-	
639	<u>D.</u>	Proof of Service: Proof of service of the notice and order shall be certified at the time of
640		service by a written declaration under penalty of perjury executed by the persons
641		effecting service, declaring the time, date, and manner in which service was made. The
642		declaration, together with any receipt card returned in acknowledgment of receipt by
643		certified mail or commercial courier service shall be affixed to the copy of the notice and
644		order retained by the building official.
645	172	D
646	<u>E.</u>	•
647		therein, and no appeal has been properly and timely filed, the building official shall file in
648		the office of the county recorder a certificate describing the property and certifying (i) that the building is a dangerous building and (ii) that the owner has been so notified. If
649		
650		the actions ordered are completed after filing of this certificate or the building is
651		demolished so that it no longer exists as a dangerous building on the property, the building official shall file a new certificate with the county recorder certifying that the
652		building has been demolished or all required corrections have been made so that the
653		building is no longer dangerous, whichever is appropriate.
654		ounding is no longer dangerous, whichever is appropriate.
655 656	10	.48.060: NOTICE TO VACATE:
657	10.	40.000. NOTICE TO VACATE.
	٨	Form of Notice: Every notice to vacate shall, in addition to being served as provided in
658 659	<u>A.</u>	Section 18.48.050, be posted on the exterior of the building and shall be in substantially
660		the following form:
661		the following form.
662		DO NOT ENTER
663		DO NOT ENTER
664		UNSAFE TO OCCUPY
JU -1		CHOMIL TO OCCUIT

Ī	t is a misdemeanor to occupy this building, or to remove or deface this notice.
	Building Official
	of
	Salt Lake City
has	mpliance with Notice to Vacate: No person shall remain or enter any building which s been so posted, except that entry may be made to repair or board. No person shall nove or deface any such notice after it is posted.
<u>18.48.</u>	070: EXTENSION OF TIME TO PERFORM WORK:
extens exceed comple extens proper vacation	a timely written request by the owner setting forth the requested reasons for an ion of time, the building official or designee may grant an extension of time, not to 120 days from the deadline set forth in the original notice and order, within which to ete said repair, vacation, or boarding, if the building official determines that such an ion of time will not create or perpetuate a situation imminently dangerous to life or ty. The building official's authority to extend time is limited to the physical repair, on, or boarding of the premises and will not in any way affect the time to appeal the and order.
18.48.	080: APPEALS:
10.10.	oov. HI I Hills.
bu	aring Appeals: Timely written appeals of notice and orders or any action of the ilding official, except for an objection from an itemized statement of costs, shall be ard and decided by the Housing Advisory and Appeals Board.
any	rm of Notice: Any person entitled to service under Section 18.48.050 may appeal from y notice and order or any action of the building official under this code by filing at the ice of the building official a written appeal containing:
<u>1.</u>	A heading containing the words: "Before the housing advisory and appeals board";
<u>2.</u>	A caption reading: "Appeal of," giving the names of all appellants participating in the appeal;
<u>3.</u>	A brief statement setting forth the legal interest of each of the appellants in the
	building or the land involved in the notice and order;

712		5. A other statement in ordinary and concise language of the reflect sought and the
713		reasons why it is claimed the protested order or action should be reversed, modified
714		or otherwise set aside;
715		
716		6. The signatures of all parties named as appellants and their official mailing addresses;
717		<u>and</u>
718		
719		7. The verification (by declaration under penalty of perjury) of at least one appellant as
720		to the truth of the matters stated in the appeal.
721	~	
722	<u>C.</u>	Time to File an Appeal: The appeal must be filed within 30 days from the date of the
723		issuance of the notice and order described herein, except as provided in Subsection D.
724	ъ	T' (F') A 10 I ' (1 D D 11' I0(1 1 '11'
725	<u>D.</u>	Time to File an Appeal for an Imminently Dangerous Building: If the building or
726		structure is in such condition as to make it immediately dangerous to the life, limb,
727		property or safety of the public or adjacent property and is ordered vacated and is posted
728		in accordance with Section 18.48.060, such appeal shall be filed as soon as reasonably
729		practical from the date of the issuance of the notice and order of the building official.
730	_	
731	<u>E.</u>	Transmittal of Appeal: Upon receipt of any appeal filed pursuant to this section, the
732		building official shall transmit the appeal to the members of the Housing Advisory and
733		Appeals Board for scheduling of a meeting within 30 days of receipt of a timely appeal.
734	_	
735	<u>F.</u>	Scheduling Hearing: As soon as practicable after receiving the written appeal, the
736		Housing Advisory and Appeals board shall fix a date, time and place for the hearing of
737		the appeal by the board. Such date shall not be less than 10 days nor more than 30 days
738		from the date the appeal was filed with the building official, unless extraordinary
739		circumstances are present. Written notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be
740		given at least 10 days prior to the date of the hearing to each appellant by the secretary of
741		the board either by causing a copy of such notice to be delivered to the appellant
742		personally or by mailing a copy thereof, postage prepaid, addressed to the appellant at the
743		address shown on the appeal.
744		
745	<u>G.</u>	Failure to Timely Appeal: Failure of any person to file a timely appeal in accordance
746		with the provisions of this code shall constitute a waiver of the right to an administrative
747		hearing and adjudication of the notice and order or any portion thereof.

I. Stays Pending Appeal: Except for vacation or boarding orders made pursuant to Section 18.48.050, enforcement of any notice and order of the building official issued under this Dangerous Building Code shall be stayed during the pendency of an appeal therefrom which is properly and timely filed.

H. Issues Considered on Appeal: Only those matters or issues specifically raised by the

appellant shall be considered in the hearing of the appeal.

757	J. Authority to Hear and Evaluate Appeal: The Housing Advisory and Appeals Board shall
758	have the authority to hear and evaluate evidence related to the building official's decision
759	and determine whether the decision was arbitrary and capricious or illegal. The Housing
760	Advisory and Appeals Board has no authority relative to interpretation of the
761	administrative provisions of this code nor is the board empowered to waive requirements
762	of this code. After the Housing Advisory and Appeals Board makes a final determination,
763	they shall issue a written determination.
764	they shall issue a written determination.
765	K. Appeal to Utah District Court: After issuance of a final written determination by the
766	Housing Advisory and Appeals Board, the decision may be appealed to the Utah District
767	Court, Third Judicial District within 30 days from the issuance of the decision.
768	Court, Third sucheral District within 30 days from the issuance of the decision.
769	18.48.090: CITY'S ABATEMENT OF PROPERTY:
770	
771	If the property owner does not comply with the order within the time specified in the notice
772	and order and no appeal has been properly and timely filed, the building official or designees
773	may cause the building to be repaired, vacated, or boarded to the extent necessary to correct
774	the conditions which render the building dangerous as set forth in the notice and order. Any
775	such repair, vacation, or boarding shall be completed and the cost thereof paid and recovered
776	as set forth in this code.
777	
778	18.48.100: RECOVERY OF COSTS:
779	
780	A. Permitted Recovery of Costs: If the building official or designee causes the repair,
781	vacation, or boarding of a building pursuant to a notice issued under Section 18.48.050,
782	the division may collect the cost of that abatement, by filing a property tax lien, as set
783	forth in this section.
784	
785	B. Itemized Statement of Costs: Upon completion of the repair, vacation, or boarding work,
786	the building official or designee shall prepare an itemized statement of costs and mail it
787	to the property owner by certified mail, demanding payment within thirty (30) days of the
788	date the statement is post marked.
789	
790	<u>C.</u> Form of Itemized Statement of Costs: The itemized statement of costs shall:
791	
792	1. Include:
793	
794	<u>a.</u> the address of the property at issue;
795	
796	b. an itemized list of all expenses incurred by the division, including administrative
797	costs;
798	
799	<u>c.</u> <u>a demand for payment; and</u>
800	
801	d. the address where payment is to be made;

a. that failure to timely pay the expenses described in the itemized statement may

result in a lien on the property in accordance with this chapter and Utah Code

2. Notify the property owner:

803 804

805

807		Section 10-11-4 or its successor;
808		
809		b. that the property owner may file a written objection to all or part of the statement
810		within twenty (20) days of the date the statement is postmarked; and
811		
812		c. where the property owner may file the objection, including the name of the office
813		and the mailing address.
814		
815	<u>D.</u>	Delivery of Statement of Costs: The itemized statement of costs described in Subsection
816		C shall be deemed delivered when mailed by certified mail addressed to the last known
817		address of the property owner, according to the records of the county recorder.
818		
819	<u>E.</u>	Objection to Statement of Costs: If the property owner files a timely written objection,
820		the division will schedule a hearing and will mail or deliver to the property owner prior to
821		the hearing a notice stating the date, time, and location of the hearing. A fines hearing
822		officer, appointed pursuant to Section 21A.06.090, shall preside at the hearing and
823		consider the property owner's objection as set forth in Subsection F.
824	F.	Objection Hearing: At the hearing described in Subsection E, after the property owner
825 826	<u>г.</u>	presents the objection to the hearing officer, the fines hearing officer shall review and
827		determine the cost of abatement incurred by the division in abating the property,
828		including administrative costs. The property owner must pay any amount the fines
829		hearing officer determines is due and owing to the Salt Lake City Treasurer at the address
830		provided in the statement of costs within thirty (30) days of the date of the hearing.
831		<u></u>
832	G.	Failure to Object or Pay: If the property owner fails to make payment of the amount set
833		forth in the itemized statement within thirty (30) days of the date of the mailing of that
834		statement, or to file a timely objection, then the division may certify the past due costs
835		and expenses to the Salt Lake County Treasurer.
836		
837	<u>H.</u>	Failure to Pay After Objection Hearing: If the property owner files a timely objection but
838		fails to make payment of any amount found due and owing under Subsection F within
839		thirty (30) days of the date of the hearing, the inspector may certify the past due costs and
840		expense to the Salt Lake County Treasurer.
841	т	I i Describe A.G describe de desc
842	<u>I.</u>	Lien on Property: After entry by the treasurer of the county, as set forth in Subsections G
843		and H, the amount entered shall have the force and effect of a valid judgment of the district court, is a lien on the property, and shall be collected by the treasurer of the
844		county in which the property is located at the time of the payment of general taxes.
845 846		county in which the property is located at the time of the payment of general taxes.
	<u>J.</u>	Release of Lien: Upon payment of the amount set forth in the itemized statement of costs
848	<u></u>	or otherwise determined due and owing by the hearing officer in Subsections E and F, the

849	judgment is satisfied, the lien is released from the property, and receipt shall be
850	acknowledged upon the general tax receipt issued by the treasurer.
851	demine wreaged apon the general tax receipt issued by the treasurer.
852	
853	18.48.110: APPLICABILITY OF BUILDING CODE:
854	10.40.110. MT EICHDIETT OF BUILDING CODE.
855	All buildings or structures which are required to be repaired under the provisions of this code
856	shall be subject to the provisions of the International Building Code, or its successor section.
857	shall be subject to the provisions of the international building code, of its successor section.
858	18.48.120: PUBLIC NUISANCES:
859	10.40.120. I UDLIC IVOISIAIVELS.
860	A. Declaration and Abatement of Public Nuisances: All buildings or structures or portions
861	thereof which are determined after inspection by the building official to be dangerous as
862	defined in this code are hereby declared to be public nuisances and shall be abated by
863	repair, vacation, or boarding in accordance with the procedures specified herein.
864	repair, vacation, or boarding in accordance with the procedures specified herein.
865	B. Boarded Building as Public Nuisance: Any structure which has been boarded for over
866	two (2) years may be declared to be a public nuisance as detrimental to the safety and
867	public welfare of the residents and property values of this city.
868	public werrare of the residents and property values of this city.
808	
869	SECTION 3. Repealing and Replacing the Text of Salt Lake City Code Chapter 18.48,
870	Article II. That Chapter 18.48, Article II, of the Salt Lake City Code (Buildings and
871	Construction: Dangerous Buildings: Temporary Securing of Buildings) shall be and hereby is
872	repealed in its entirety and replaced as follows:
873	Article II Temporary Securing Of Buildings
874	Part 1. Boarding Process
875	18.48.090: Definitions
876	18.48.100: Notice And Order To Temporarily Secure
877	18.48.110: City Boarding Or Securing
878	18.48.120: Boarding Permit Required
879	18.48.130: Boarding Permit Application
880	18.48.140: Initial Fees
881	18.48.150: Separate Salvage Permit Required
882	18.48.160: Completion Of Boarding
883	18.48.170: Boarding Without Permit
884	18.48.180: Yearly Fees
885	18.48.185: Posting Of Boarded Or Closed To Occupancy Buildings

18.48.090: **DEFINITIONS**:

007	
887	BOARDED BUILDING: A building in which all or some of the utilities have been
888 889	disconnected and all windows and doors are boarded against entry at the ground and second
890	level (if a second level exists). Entry doors may be locked or boarded and windows adjacent
891	to entry doors are boarded against entry.
892	to entry doors are boarded against entry.
893	BOARDING: The secured covering of openings to a building or structure to prevent entrance
	pursuant to the provisions and standards of this article due to the nonoccupancy of the
894 895	building or structure.
896	building of structure.
897	CLOSED TO OCCUPANCY: A building in which no person may eat, sleep, live or
898	otherwise reside or occupy the building or any portion thereof. Buildings closed to
899	occupancy may only be entered by the owner, owner's agent or other authorized persons to
900	do repair work.
901	do repair work.
902	EMERGENCY CONDITIONS: One or more conditions which exist in a building or on a
903	property that create a likelihood of imminent danger to life or safety if anyone were to enter
903	or occupy the property or building.
905	or occupy the property or building.
906	UNBOARDED/UNSECURED BUILDING: A building whose window(s) and/or door(s) are
907	missing or broken and other openings are not secured against unauthorized persons entering
908	the building.
909	the ounding.
910	VACANT/SECURED BUILDING: A building having utility meters that may be locked off
911	but the meters and service lines are in place. All windows are secured and glazed and the
912	doors are secured by means of a lock.
J12	doors are seedred by means of a rock.
913	
914	18.48.100: NOTICE AND ORDER TO TEMPORARILY SECURE:
915	A. If the director of housing and neighborhood development determines that a building
916	needs to be boarded, the director of housing and neighborhood development shall send a
917	notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, and regular mail, to the property owner
918	requiring the owner to board the building. The director of housing and neighborhood
919	development shall also, on the same day, post a notice on the property.
020	B. If, due to the existence of emergency conditions, as identified by the director of housing
920 921	and neighborhood development, it is not possible or practical to give notice in advance,
	the city may nevertheless board the building without giving prior notice to the owner or
922	occupant, but the city shall provide all required notices immediately following the
923	boarding of the building.
924	boarding of the building.
925	18.48.110: CITY BOARDING OR SECURING:

926 927 928	A. If, within the time specified in the notice and order, the property owner fails to comply with the notice and order by taking out a permit to board the building pursuant to this article, or apply for a stay pursuant to part 2 of this article, the city may cause the
929	property to be boarded.
930	B. If the director of housing and neighborhood development determines that emergency
931	conditions exist, the city may board the building.
932	C. If the city boards a building, the city shall send the property owner a bill for:
933 934	1. The fees and charges for services which would otherwise have been charged for the securing of a boarding permit pursuant to section 18.48.140 of this chapter;
935 936	 The fee shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule to partially recover the city's costs in administering the boarding; and
937	3. The actual costs of the boarding incurred by the city.
938 939	18.48.120: BOARDING PERMIT REQUIRED:
940 941	It is unlawful to board a building except pursuant to a permit issued under this article.
942 943	18.48.130: BOARDING PERMIT APPLICATION:
944 945	Permits for boarding a building must be applied for on a form provided by the director of housing and neighborhood development. The form shall specify the following:
946	A. The address of the structure to be boarded or temporarily secured;
947	B. The type of building;
948	C. For residential structures, the number of dwelling units;
949 950	D. For nonresidential buildings, the number of building square feet and the linear footage of all building faces at ground level;
951 952 953	E. The name, address and telephone number of a person authorized to act as an agent for the owner for performing the owner's obligations under this article, who lives within forty (40) miles of Salt Lake City;
954 955	F. Whether the property has the required external water source for landscaping, if landscaping is required; and
956 957	G. A description of the condition of the building and the landscaping of the surrounding property.

958	18.48.140: INITIAL FEES:
959	
960	For the first year of any boarding, at the time of filing the application, the applicant shall pay
961	the following fees:
962	A. The fee shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule for each structure; and
963	B. A plumbing permit fee shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule to install
964	the external irrigation hose bib, if required, and not already present.
965	18.48.150: SEPARATE SALVAGE PERMIT REQUIRED:
966	
967	If the property owner intends to salvage any of the structure or other building components,
968	hardware or equipment prior to or during the boarding, the property owner must secure a
969	salvage permit as otherwise required by law.
970	
971	18.48.160: COMPLETION OF BOARDING:
972	
973	Boarding must be completed within ten (10) days of the issuance of a permit.
974	18.48.170: BOARDING WITHOUT PERMIT:
975	
976	Boarding a building before obtaining a permit pursuant to this article will require payment of
977	double the initial boarding application fee specified in subsection 18.48.140A of this chapter
978	or its successor.
979	
980	18.48.180: YEARLY FEES:
981	
982	A. On or before each yearly anniversary of a boarding permit, a property owner desiring to
983	continue to board a building shall pay the annual boarding fee shown on the Salt Lake
984	City consolidated fee schedule.
985	B. A late fee of twenty five dollars (\$25.00) shall be assessed by the City for each thirty
986	(30) days, or any portion thereof, in which the annual fees have not been paid.
007	C. If the property owner fails to pay either the initial boarding fees or the annual boarding
987	fee, the City may take legal action to collect any amounts owed.
988	tee, the City may take legal action to conect any amounts owed.
989	18.48.185: POSTING OF BOARDED OR CLOSED TO OCCUPANCY BUILDINGS:
990	
991	Whenever a building is boarded or closed to occupancy, the City shall be authorized to install
992	a sign to be mounted on the front facade of the building. The sign shall state that the building
993	is closed to occupancy and that it is unlawful for any unauthorized person to enter the
994	building. The sign shall also provide phone numbers to call if people are seen on the property
995	or if doors or windows are unsecured.

996	Part 2. Stays
997	18.48.190: Stays Authorized
998	18.48.200: Stay Process
999	18.48.210: Actions During The Stay
1000	18.48.220: Work On Building Permit
1001	18.48.190: STAYS AUTHORIZED:
1002	
1003	The owner of any property which should be boarded pursuant to this article, either
1004	voluntarily by the owner or pursuant to a notice and order, may apply for a stay of the
1005	boarding requirement.
1006	18.48.200: STAY PROCESS:
1007	A. An owner seeking a stay shall obtain and complete the boarding application provided in
1008	section 18 48 130 of this article or its successor.
1000	section 10.10.150 of this differe of its successor.
1009	B. The building official shall promptly inspect the building and render a determination, in
1010	writing, regarding the building's suitability for a stay.
1011	C. If the building official determines that the building is in such a condition as to pose an
1012	imminent danger of collapse or fire or is an attractive nuisance which creates a significant
1013	risk of transient occupancy or vandalism, the building official shall deny the request for a
1014	stay
1015	D. If the Director of Housing and Neighborhood Development denies a stay request, the
1016	building owner shall obtain a boarding or demolition permit within seven (7) days or the
1017	City may proceed to board the property pursuant to section 18.48.110 of this article, or its
1018	successor. In addition to the provisions of this section, the issuance of demolition permits
1019	in historic districts and landmark sites are subject to the provisions of
1020	subsection 21A.34.020K of this Code. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of
1021	this subsection and subsection 21A.34.020K of this Code, the latter shall control
1022	E. If the Director of Housing and Neighborhood Development determines that a stay is
1023	appropriate, the Director of Housing and Neighborhood Development shall certify in
1024	writing that a stay of up to four (4) months has been issued.
1025	18.48.210: ACTIONS DURING THE STAY:
1026	A. Within the stay period, the building owner shall obtain either a boarding permit pursuant
1027	to this article or a building permit to rehabilitate the building.
1027	to this arrive of a building permit to rendominate the building.
1028	B. If the owner obtains a boarding permit, the owner shall, at that time, pay all the fees
1029	required pursuant to this article.

1030	C. If the owner obtains a building permit for rehabilitation, the owner shall not be required
1031	to pay the boarding application fee but shall pay, instead, the appropriate building permit
1032	fees.
1033	18.48.220: WORK ON BUILDING PERMIT:
1034	A. If an owner has obtained a stay pursuant to this article and subsequently secures a
1035	building permit for rehabilitation, work under the building permit must be begun within
1036	thirty (30) days of obtaining the permit and must be prosecuted to completion with
1037	reasonable diligence.
1038	B. If work under the building permit is not begun or pursued as required, the city may
1039	revoke the building permit without further notice and board the building as necessary.
1040	Part 3. Boarding Standards
1041	18.48.230: Method Of Securing Buildings
1042	18.48.240: Landscape Maintenance
1043	18.48.250: Exterior Maintenance
1044	18.48.260: Snow And Ice Removal
1045	18.48.270: City Maintenance Of Building
1046	18.48.280: City Maintenance Of Landscaping
1047	18.48.290: City Removal Of Snow
1048	18.48.230: METHOD OF SECURING BUILDINGS:
1049	
1050	All buildings shall be boarded in the following manner:
1051	A. All openings in the structure on the first two (2) floors, other openings easily accessible
1052	from the ground, and openings with broken glass, shall be secured either by erecting a
1053	single one-half inch (4/2") thick layer of plywood sheathing, or exterior grade chipboard,
1054	covering over all exterior openings, overlapping the opening on every edge by three
1055	inches (3"), nailed along the edges by eightpenny common nails spaced every six inches
1056	(6");
1057	B. Alternately, the openings may be secured by conventional wood frame construction. The
1058	frames shall use wood studs of a size not less than two inches by four inches (2" x 4")
1059	(nominal dimension) placed not more than twenty four inches (24") apart on center. The
1060	frame stud shall have the four inch (4") sides or the wide dimension perpendicular to the
1061	face of the wall. Each side of the frame shall be covered with plywood or chipboard
1062	sheathing of at least one-half inch (4/2") thickness or equivalent lumber nailed over the
1063	opening by using eightpenny common nails spaced every six inches (6") on the outside
1064	edges and every twelve inches (12") along intermediate stud supports;
1065	C. All coverings shall be painted with the same color as the building or its trim; and

1066	D. Exterior doors shall be secured by a strong nonglass door adequately locked to preclude
1067	entry of unauthorized persons, or shall be covered as an opening described in subsection
1068	A or B of this section or successor sections.
1069	18.48.240: LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE:
1070	
1071	Existing landscaping and lawn on the property shall be maintained in the manner otherwise
1072	required by law.
1073	
1074	18.48.250: EXTERIOR MAINTENANCE:
1075	A. The exterior of a boarded building shall be maintained as required by relevant
1076	requirements set forth in sections 18.50.140 to 18.50.230 of this title. In particular,
1077	exterior walls and surfaces shall be properly maintained and severely weathered, peeling,
1078	or unpainted wood and damaged siding and roofing shall be replaced or repaired with
1079	similar materials and colors.
1080	B. Doors, windows, special glass, fixtures, fittings, pipes, railings, posts, panels, boards,
1081	lumber, stones, bricks, marble, or similar materials within the interior of a boarded
1082	building shall not be salvaged except upon the issuance of a predemolition salvage permit
1083	as provided in section 18.64.070 of this title.
1084	C. If the owner of a boarded building fails to maintain the building and its premises as
1085	required by this section and section 18.64.045 of this title, the city may take appropriate
1086	legal action to enforce such requirements.
1087	18.48.260: SNOW AND ICE REMOVAL:
1088	
1089	Snow and ice must be removed from public sidewalk areas surrounding the property in the
1090	manner indicated in section 14.20.070 of this code.
1091	
1092	18.48.270: CITY MAINTENANCE OF BUILDING:
1093	A. If the director of housing and neighborhood development determines that a boarded
1094	building is not being maintained, the director of housing and neighborhood development
1095	shall send a notice to the property owner and/or the property owner's agent requiring
1096	compliance with the building maintenance standards within seven (7) days.
1097	B. If the director of housing and neighborhood development determines that the property
1098	owner has failed to comply with the notice and order, the city may cause the work to be
1099	done by a contractor employed by the city.
1100	C. The city shall bill the property owner:

1101	1. The administrative fee shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule, per
1102	year to cover the city's administrative expenses in contracting for the building
1103	maintenance; and
1104	2. The actual cost of building maintenance billed to the city by the city's contractor.
1105	18.48.280: CITY MAINTENANCE OF LANDSCAPING:
1106	A. If the director of housing and neighborhood development determines that the
1107	landscaping on the property surrounding a boarded building is not being maintained as
1108	required by city code, the director of housing and neighborhood development shall send a
1109	notice to the property owner and/or the property owner's agent, requiring compliance
1110	with landscaping standards within seven (7) days.
1111	B. If the director of housing and neighborhood development determines that the property
1112	owner has failed to comply with the notice and order, the city may cause the work to be
1113	done by a contractor employed by the city.
1114	C. The city shall bill the property owner:
1115	1. The administrative fee shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule, per
1116	year, to cover the city's administrative expenses in contracting for the landscaping
1117	maintenance; and
1118	2. The actual cost of landscaping maintenance billed to the city by the city's contractor.
1119	18.48.290: CITY REMOVAL OF SNOW:
1120	A. If the director of housing and neighborhood development determines that sidewalks
1121	adjacent to a boarded building are not having the snow removed as required by
1122	section 18.48.260 of this chapter or its successor, the director of housing and
1123	neighborhood development shall send a notice to the property owner and/or the property
1124	owner's agent, requiring snow from the present snowfall to be removed and notifying the
1125	property owner that if snow from a subsequent snowfall is not removed as required, the
1126	city will contract for the removal and charge the property owner, pursuant to this section
1127	or its successor.
1128	B. If the director of housing and neighborhood development determines that the property
1129	owner has failed to comply with the notice and order, the city may cause snow, during the
1130	winter, to be removed by a contractor employed by the city.
1131	C. The city shall bill the property owner:
1132	1. The administrative fee shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule, per
1133	year, to cover the city's administrative expenses in contracting for snow removal; and

1134	2. The actual cost of snow removal billed to the city by the city's contractor.
1135	Part 4. Miscellaneous Provisions
1136	18.48.300: Appeal Process
1137	18.48.310: Legal Action Authorized
1138	18.48.320: Existing Boarded Properties
1139	18.48.325: Building Inspections Required
1140	18.48.300: APPEAL PROCESS:
1141	A. Any person aggrieved by the decision of the director of housing and neighborhood
1142	development may appeal the decision to the housing advisory and appeals board (HAAB)
1143	by filing a notice with HAAB within seven (7) days of the director of housing and
1144	neighborhood development's decision. The notice shall specify the basis for the appeal.
1145	B. An HAAB panel of at least three (3) HAAB members shall schedule a hearing not less
1146	than seven (7) days after the notice of appeal nor more than fourteen (14) days after the
1147	notice.
1148	C. HAAB shall notify the applicant and any appellant of the hearing and, at the hearing,
1149	shall take testimony and evidence.
1150	D. HAAB shall sustain the decision of the director of housing and neighborhood
1151	development unless HAAB finds that the director of housing and neighborhood
1152	development has failed to comply with the provisions of this article.
1153	E. Any person aggrieved by any decision of HAAB under this article may appeal such
1154	decision to the mayor within seven (7) days of HAAB's decision. The appeal shall
1155	specify any objection to HAAB's decision.
1156	F. The mayor, or the mayor's designated hearing officer, shall not take any additional
1157	evidence and shall consider the appeal only on the basis of the material presented to
1158	HAAB.
1159	G. The mayor, or the mayor's designated hearing officer, shall sustain the decision of
1160	HAAB, unless it appears that the decision of HAAB is not supported by any competent
1161	evidence or is arbitrary or capricious. If the mayor or the mayor's designated hearing
1162	officer does not reverse or otherwise modify the HAAB decision within seven (7) days
1163	after the matter is submitted, the HAAB decision shall be sustained.
1164	18.48.310: LEGAL ACTION AUTHORIZED:
1165	
1166	The city may take appropriate legal action to collect all unpaid fees or bills provided by this
1167	article.
1168	

1169	18.48.320: EXISTING BOARDED PROPERTIES:
1170	A. The director of housing and neighborhood development shall take reasonable actions to
1171	notify the owners of buildings boarded as of the effective date hereof.
1172	B. The notice shall generally inform the property owner of the enactment of the ordinance
1173	codified herein and shall notify the owner that a permit is required for the boarded
1174	building.
1175	C. Owners of buildings boarded as of the effective date hereof shall apply for a permit no
1176	later than January 31, 1995.
1177	D. The permit for buildings boarded as of the effective date hereof shall be processed as a
1178	new permit pursuant to the provisions of section 18.48.130 of this chapter or its
1179	successor.
1180	E. To partially even the burden of processing applications, any owner of a building boarded
1181	as of the effective date hereof shall receive a discount of thirty percent (30%) of the fees
1182	required by section 18.48.140 of this chapter or its successor, if the owner applies for a
1183	permit prior to October 31, 1994.
1184	18.48.325: BUILDING INSPECTIONS REQUIRED:
1185	10.40.525. Delebited Ittorio Regulation.
1186	Whenever a property owner, manager or tenant intends to clean, repair, renovate, reopen or
1187	reoccupy a building that has been boarded, the building is to be inspected and a permit must
1188	be issued by the Salt Lake City building services and licensing division prior to the building
1189	owner, manager or tenant initiating any of the above actions. Any person conducting any
1190	work on a building that has been boarded or closed to occupancy must have a copy of the
1191	permit on the site at all times. Any person conducting work without a permit on the site, will
1192	be evicted from the premises.
1193	
1194	Article II. BOARDING OR TEMPORARILY SECURING BUILDINGS
1195	10 10 200 CCORE AND ADDITION OF THE VENT
1196	18.48.200: SCOPE AND APPLICABILITY:
1197	18.48.205: BOARDING PERMIT:
1198	18.48.210: INITIAL FEES:
1199	18.48.215: YEARLY FEES: 18.48.220: POSTING OF BOARDED OR CLOSED TO OCCUPANCY BUILDINGS:
1200 1201	18.48.225: METHOD OF SECURING BUILDINGS:
1201	18.48.230: LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE:
1202	18.48.235: EXTERIOR MAINTENANCE:
1203	18.48.240: SNOW AND ICE REMOVAL:
1204	18.48.245: CITY MAINTENANCE OF PROPERTY:
1206	18.48.250: CITY MAINTENANCE OF LANDSCAPING:
1207	18.48.255: VIOLATIONS:
1208	18.48.260: BUILDING INSPECTIONS REQUIRED:

	provisions of this article apply to any person or entity who is ordered to board a building or Article I and any person or entity who voluntarily boards a building.
<u>18.4</u>	8.205: BOARDING PERMIT:
	Permit Required: A permit is required to board a building. In the case where the city causes the boarding work to be done pursuant to Section 18.48.245, the city is not equired to obtain a boarding permit.
	Form of Permit: Permits for boarding a building must be applied for on a form provided by the building official or designee. The form shall specify the following:
<u>1</u>	. The address of the structure to be boarded or temporarily secured;
2	2. The type of building;
3	5. For residential structures, the number of dwelling units;
_	For nonresidential buildings, the number of square feet of all building faces at ground level;
4 <u>-</u>	The name, address, and telephone number of a person authorized to act as an agent for the owner for performing the owner's obligations under this article, who lives within forty (40) miles of Salt Lake City; and
<u>(</u>	Whether the property has the required external water source for landscaping, if landscaping is required.
<u>18.4</u>	8.210: INITIAL FEES:
	the first year of any boarding, at the time of filing the application, the applicant shall pay sees shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule for each structure.
<u>18.4</u>	8.215: YEARLY FEES:
1	Annual Fee: On or before each yearly anniversary of the issuance of a boarding permit, a property owner desiring to maintain a boarded building shall pay the annual boarding fee shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule.
_ <u>t</u>	Late Fee: A late fee of twenty five dollars (\$25.00) shall be assessed by the city for each hirty (30) days, or any portion thereof, in which the annual fees have not been paid up to amounts allowed by state law.

1255	
1256	C. Failure to Obtain Permit: Boarding a building before obtaining a permit pursuant to this
1257	article shall result in a fine of up to twenty five percent (25%) of the boarding application
1257	fee specified in the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule.
	ice specified in the Sait Lake City consolidated fee schedule.
1259	D. Callection of East. If the manufacture of file to manufacture the initial handling forces.
1260	D. Collection of Fees: If the property owner fails to pay either the initial boarding fees or
1261	the annual boarding fees, the city may take legal action to collect any amounts owed.
1262	10 10 220 DOCTING OF BOARDED OR GLOSED TO OCCUPANCY BUILDINGS
1263	18.48.220: POSTING OF BOARDED OR CLOSED TO OCCUPANCY BUILDINGS:
1264	
1265	Whenever a building is boarded or closed to occupancy, the city shall be authorized to install
1266	a sign to be mounted on the exterior of the building. The sign shall state that the building is
1267	closed to occupancy and that it is unlawful for any unauthorized person to enter the building.
1268	The sign shall also provide phone numbers to call if people are seen on the property or if
1269	doors or windows are unsecured.
1270	
1271	18.48.225: METHOD OF SECURING BUILDINGS:
1272	
1273	All buildings shall be boarded in the following manner:
1274	
1275	A. Securing Opening: All openings in the structure on the first floor, other openings easily
1276	accessible from the ground, and openings with broken glass, shall be secured either by
1277	erecting a single one-half inch $(1/2)$ thick layer of plywood sheathing or similar
1278	material, not to include chipboard/OSB, covering over all exterior openings, overlapping
1279	the opening on every edge by three inches (3"), affixed along the edges by nails or screws
1280	spaced every six inches (6").
1281	spures every surmenes (e).
1282	B. Alternatives to Securing Openings: Alternately, the openings may be secured by
1283	conventional wood frame construction. The frames shall use wood study of a size not less
1284	than two inches by four inches (2" x 4") (nominal dimension) placed not more than
1285	twenty four inches (24") apart on center. The frame stud shall have the four inch (4")
	sides or the wide dimension perpendicular to the face of the wall. Each side of the frame
1286	shall be covered with plywood sheathing or similar material of at least one-half inch
1287	
1288	(1/2") thickness or equivalent lumber nailed over the opening by using nails or screws
1289	spaced every six inches (6") on the outside edges and every twelve inches (12") along
1290	intermediate stud supports; and
1291	
1292	C. Exterior Doors: Exterior doors shall be secured by a strong non-glass door adequately
1293	locked to preclude entry of unauthorized persons, or shall be covered as an opening
1294	described in Subsection A or B of this section or successor sections.
1295	
1296	18.48.230: LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE:
1297	
1298	Existing landscaping and lawn on the property shall be maintained in the manner otherwise
1299	required by Chapters 9.16 and 21A.48.
1300	

10.	46.255; EATERIOR WAINTENANCE:
<u>A.</u>	Exterior of Building: The exterior of a boarded building shall be maintained as required by relevant requirements set forth in Section 18.50.140 of this title. In particular, exterior walls and surfaces shall be properly maintained and severely weathered, peeling, or unpainted wood and damaged siding and roofing shall be replaced or repaired with similar materials and colors.
<u>B.</u>	Salvage Permit Required: Doors, windows, special glass, fixtures, fittings, pipes, railings posts, panels, boards, lumber, stones, bricks, marble, or similar materials within the interior of a boarded building shall not be salvaged except upon the issuance of a permit as provided in Section 18.64.070 of this title.
<u>C.</u>	Enforcement of Exterior Maintenance Requirements: If the owner of a boarded building fails to maintain the building and its premises as required by this section and Section 18.64.045 of this title, the city may take appropriate legal action to enforce such requirements.
18.	.48.240: SNOW AND ICE REMOVAL:
in	ow and ice must be removed from public sidewalk areas surrounding the boarded property the manner indicated in Section 14.20.070 of this code. 48.245: CITY MAINTENANCE OF PROPERTY:
<u>A.</u>	Notice: If the building official or the building official's designee determines that a boarded building and/or property is not being maintained, the building official or the building official's designee shall send a notice to the property owner and/or the property owner's agent requiring compliance with the building maintenance standards as required in city code.
<u>B.</u>	Failure to Comply with Notice: If the building official or designee determines that the property owner has failed to comply with the notice, the city may cause the work to be done by a contractor hired by the city.
<u>C.</u>	City's Recovery of Costs: The city shall bill the property owner:
	1. The administrative fee shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule to cover the city's administrative expenses in contracting for the building maintenance; and
	2. The actual cost of building maintenance billed to the city by the city's contractor.
18	.48.250: CITY MAINTENANCE OF LANDSCAPING:
10.	TOTAL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF

1346	If the building official or the building official's designee determines that the landscaping on
1347	the property surrounding a boarded building is not being maintained as required by city code,
1348	the building official or the building official's designee shall follow the notice of violation and
1349	corrective measures procedures as detailed in Sections 9.16.050 and 9.16.060.
1350	
1351	<u>18.48.255: VIOLATIONS:</u>
1352	
1353	A. It is unlawful for the building owner to fail to maintain the boarded building or ensure the
1354	building remains vacated after the property has been abated by either the city or the
1355	building owner. Each day a violation occurs shall be a separate offense.
1356	
1357	B. Violations of the provisions of this chapter are punishable by imposing a civil penalty as
1358	provided in Section 21A.20.010 et seq., of this code.
1359	
1360	
1361	18.48.260: BUILDING INSPECTIONS REQUIRED:
1362	
1363	Whenever a property owner, manager, or tenant intends to clean, repair, renovate, reopen or
1364	reoccupy a building that has been boarded, the building is to be inspected by the building
1365	official or designee and a permit must be issued by building services or its successor prior to
1366	the building owner, manager, or tenant initiating any of the above actions. Any person
1367	conducting any work on a building that has been boarded or closed to occupancy must have a
1368	valid building permit at all times.
1369	
1370	
1371	SECTION 4. Repealing and Moving the Text of Salt Lake City Code Chapter 18.48,
1372	Article III. That Chapter 18.48, Article III, of the Salt Lake City Code (Buildings and
1373	Construction: Dangerous Buildings: Emergency Demolition) shall be and hereby is repealed in
1374	its entirety and moved to Chapter 18.64 as provided in Section 5 herein.
1375	Article III. Emergency Demolition
1376	18.48.330: Purpose
1377	18.48.340: Emergency Demolitions Applicability
1378	18.48.350: Immediate City Demolition
1379	18.48.360: Level 3 Emergencies
1380	18.48.370: Bill For Costs; Collection
1300	100 100 100 Dill 1 01 Colleg Collection
1381	18 48 330 PURPOSE:

1382	
1383	Notwithstanding the other provisions of this chapter, the UCADB, the process for
1384	demolishing buildings in an emergency situation, shall be as provided by this article.
1385	10 40 240 EMEDOENOV DEMOLITIONS ADDITION TO A DILITAR
1386	18.48.340: EMERGENCY DEMOLITIONS APPLICABILITY:
1387	
1388	If the building official determines that the walls or roof of a building or structure are
1389	collapsing, either in whole or in part, or in imminent danger of collapsing in such a way as to
1390	fall on other structures, property or public rights of way, or create a danger to persons who
1391	may enter the property, or create a danger of fire, the building official may seek an order that
1392	the building should be demolished pursuant to this article.
1393	
1394	18.48.350: IMMEDIATE CITY DEMOLITION:
1395	A. If the building official determines that demolition should be begun immediately, the
1396	building official shall schedule an emergency meeting of the housing advisory and
1397	appeals board (HAAB) as soon as practical.
	of Leave (control of the control of
1398	B. The director of housing and neighborhood development shall make reasonable efforts to
1399	notify the recorded property owner, all HAAB members, the historic landmark
1400	commission staff person, the city council member and the chairperson of the
1401	neighborhood council recognized pursuant to title 2, chapter 2.60 of this code in which
1402	the property is located.
1403	C. At least three (3) HAAB members, and any others available, shall attend the emergency
1404	meeting to consider the immediate demolition.
1404	meeting to consider the immediate demontion.
1405	D. The emergency HAAB meeting shall hear any evidence or testimony regarding the
1406	immediate demolition and shall determine whether immediate demolition is appropriate
1407	under the standards of section 18.48.340 of this chapter or its successor.
1408	E. If the emergency HAAB meeting authorizes immediate demolition, and the property
1409	owner was present or represented at the emergency HAAB meeting, the property owner
1410	shall have twenty four (24) hours in which to have a licensed contractor take out a permit
1411	for the demolition. Work under any such permit shall be commenced within twenty four
1412	(24) hours of the permit's issuance. Within twenty four (24) hours of the start of the
1413	work, the property shall be secured to prevent entry and the structure demolished so that
1414	no part of the structure is in imminent danger of collapsing in such a way as to fall on
1415	other structures, property or public rights of way, or create a danger of fire. Work under
1416	the demolition permit shall be completed within seven (7) days of the permit's issuance.
•	
1417	F. If the property owner was unrepresented at the emergency HAAB meeting, or the
1418	property owner fails to proceed with the demolition pursuant to the requirements of
1419	subsection E of this section or its successor, the city may contract with a licensed
1420	demolition contractor to demolish the building.

1421 1422	G. If HAAB does not authorize the immediate demolition, the building official may appear such a denial on an expedited basis to the mayor.
1423	1. All parties specified in subsection B of this section, or its successor, shall be notified
1423	of the appeal hearing before the mayor or the mayor's designee.
1424	of the appear hearing before the mayor of the mayor's designee.
1425	2. The mayor, or the mayor's designee, shall hear evidence regarding the immediate
1426	demolition.
1427	H. If the mayor or the mayor's designee authorizes immediate demolition under the
1428	standards of section 18.48.340 of this chapter, or its successor, the provisions of
1429	subsections E and F of this section, or their successors, shall apply.
1430	18.48.360: LEVEL 3 EMERGENCIES:
1431	
1432	If the mayor has declared a level 3 emergency, the notification and hearing provisions of
1433	section 18.48.350 of this chapter, or its successor, shall be waived and the building official
1434	may immediately secure the demolition of any structure which meets the standards of
1435	section 18.48.340 of this chapter or its successor.
1436	
1437	18.48.370: BILL FOR COSTS; COLLECTION:
1438	A. Upon the completion of any city demolition pursuant to this article, the city shall mail a
1439	bill to the property owner for the city's costs of demolition which shall include the cost of
1440	the demolition contractor and a reasonable amount to pay the costs of city personnel
1441	involved in the demolition.
1442	B. If the bill is not paid within thirty (30) days, the city may take legal action to collect the
1443	bill.
1444	
1445	
1446	SECTION 5. Amending the Text of Salt Lake City Code Section 18.64. That Section
1447	18.64, of the Salt Lake City Code (Buildings and Construction: Demolition) shall be amended to
1448	read as follows:
1449	Article I. Demolition
1450	
1451	18.64.005: PURPOSE AND INTENT:
1452	18.64.010: PERMIT REQUIRED:
1453	18.64.020: APPLICATION AND PERMIT:
1454	18.64.030: FEES AND SIGNATURE , BOND :
1455	18.64.040: ISSUANCE OF DEMOLITIONPERMIT:
1456	18.64.045: DEMOLITION BY NEGLECT:
1457	18.64.050: RESIDENTIAL DEMOLITION PROVISIONS:
エサンノ	10.0T.0J0, NEGIDERTIAL DERIOLITION I NO FIGIONO.

1458	18.64.070: PREDEMOLITION SALVAGE PERMITS:
1459	18.64.080: EXPIRATION; DILIGENCE:
1460	18.64.090: QUALIFICATIONS TO DO WORK:
1461	18.64.100: DEMOLITION REQUIREMENTS:
1462	18.64.110: RELATIOSHIPTO OTHER ORDINANCE:
1463	18.64.120: VIOLATIONS:
1464	
1465	18.64.005: PURPOSE AND INTENT:
1466	A. The purpose of the provisions in this chapter is to:
1467 1468	 Promote the public welfare by maintaining the integrity and continuity of the urban fabric and economic vitality;
1469 1470	 Provide an orderly and predictable process for demolition of buildings and structures when appropriate;
1471	3. Ensure demolition occurs safely;
1472	4. Protect utilities and other infrastructure from damage during demolition;
1473	5. Provide for enforcement of timely completion of demolition and for improvement of
1474	property following demolition to ensure the site is not detrimental to the use and
1475	enjoyment of surrounding property;
1476	6. Provide for enforcement and maintenance of property to avoid purposeful demolition
1477	by neglect; and
1478	7. Encourage preservation of the city's housing stock where appropriate.
1479	B. A primary intent of the city council with respect to this chapter is to avoid promote
1480	responsible re-use of existing housing stock where practical and provide an orderly
1481	process for demolition, where it is not practical or partial demolition, of buildings in a
1482	manner that disrupts the character and development pattern of established neighborhood
1483	and business areas cost efficient to rebuild/reuse. Accordingly, the council finds that it is
1484	in the public interest to
1485	1. Rrequire existing buildings to be maintained in a habitable condition manner that
1486	does not constitute a public nuisance until replaced by new construction, except as
1487	otherwise permitted by this code.
1488	2. Avoid demolition of existing structures until a complete building permit application is
1489	submitted for new construction, except as otherwise provided in this chapter; and
1490	3. Avoid creation of vacant demolition sites with minimal or no landscaping or other
1491	improvements.

1492	10 (4.010, PEDME PEOMED
1493	18.64.010: PERMIT REQUIRED:
1494	It is unlowful to domestick any building on atmost one in the city, on course the same to be
1495	It is unlawful to demolish any building or structure in the city, or cause the same to be
1496	demolished, without first obtaining a permit for demolition of each such building or structure
1497	from the city building official as provided in this chapter.
1498	40 (4000 4 PRV VG 4 TVOV VOD PRPVVII
1499	18.64.020: APPLICATION FOR PERMIT
1500	
1501 1502	To obtain a permit for demolition, an applicant shall submit an application in writing on a form furnished by the building official for that purpose. Each application shall:
1503	A. Identify and describe the type of work to be performed under the permit;
1504	B. State the address of the structure or building to be demolished;
1505	C. Describe the building or structure to be demolished including the type of use, type of
1506	building construction, size and square footage, number of stories, and number of
1507	residential dwelling units (if any);
1307	residential attending and (it any);
1508	D. Indicate the method and location of demolished material disposal;
1509	E. Identify the approximate date of commencement and completion of demolition;
1510	F. Indicate if fences, barricades, scaffolds or other protections are required by any city code
1511	for the demolition and, if so, their proposed location and compliance;
1512	
1513	G. State whether fill material will be required to restore the site to level grade after
1514	demolition and, if required, the approximate amount of fill material;
1515	, 1 , 11
1516	H. If the building or structure to be demolished contains any dwelling units, state whether
1517	any of the dwelling units are presently occupied; and
1518	any or the an ening time the processing ecoupton, and
1519	I. State the proposed use of the premises following demolition. If new construction is
1520	proposed following demolition, state the anticipated start date and whether any
1521	development applications have been submitted to and/or approved by the city; and-
1522	development approached have been submitted to and of approved by the city, and
1523	J. Affirm that the property will comply with the landscaping requirements for the zoning
1524	district that the property is located in as required under the provisions of Chapter 21A.48.
1525	district that the property is rocated in as required under the provisions of enapter 2171. 10.
1526	18.64.030: FEES AND SIGNATURE , BOND :
_5_5	
1527	A. The permit application shall be signed by the party or the party's authorized agent
1528	requesting the permit. A signature on the permit application constitutes a certification by
1529	the signee that the information contained in the application is true and correct.

1530 1531	B. The fee for a demolition permit application shall be as shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule.
1532	C. An additional fee for the cost of inspecting the property to determine compliance with the
1533	requirements of this chapter and to assure the property is kept free of weeds and junk
1534	materials shall be collected in the amount shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee
1535	schedule.
1536	D. Except as otherwise permitted under this chapter, a performance bond shall be provided
1537	prior to issuance of a demolition permit. The bond amount shall be determined by the
1538	building official and shall be sufficient to ensure abatement of potential impacts to publ
1539	health and safety, including environmental impacts resulting from demolition, general
1540	cleanup of the demolition site, and installation and maintenance of landscaping if
1541	landscaping is required under this chapter.
1542	1. The form of the bond shall be approved by the city attorney or designee and may
1543	include any commercially reasonable method of bonding.
1544	2. The building official may require adjustment of bond amount if the scope of work
1545	changes after demolition work has begun.
1546	3. If the applicant fails to comply with provisions of the demolition permit and the city
1547	has any unreimbursed cost resulting from such failure, the building official or
1548	designee may call on the bond for reimbursement. After such cost has been finally
1549	determined, if the amount of the bond exceeds such cost, the remainder shall be
1550	released to the applicant. If the amount of the bond is less than the cost incurred by
1551	the city, the applicant shall be liable to the city for the difference in cost.
1552	4. The bond shall remain in place until all required work is complete, final inspection
1553	has been approved, and a building permit for new construction on the subject proper
1554	has been approved by the city.
1555	
1556	18.64.040: ISSUANCE OF DEMOLITION PERMIT:
1557	A. Except as otherwise provided in subsection D of this section, a A demolition permit sha
1558	may be issued only upon compliance with subsection B of this section, if applicable, and
1559	if:
1560	1. A complete building permit completion of an application for a use replacing the
1561	demolished building or structure has been submitted to the building services and
1562	licensing division; or
1563	2. The in accordance with Section 18.64.020 herein; or the chief building official or fin
1564	marshal orders immediate demolition:

1565 1566	<u>1.</u>	Due to an emergency as provided in chapter 18.48 of <u>Chapter 18.64</u> , <u>Article II of</u> this title; or
1567	<u>2.</u>	Because the premises have been damaged beyond repair because of a natural disaster,
1568		fire, or other similar event; or
1569	3.	The chief building official or fire marshal authorizes immediate demolition because
1570 1571		clearing of land is necessary to remove a nuisance as defined in section this code or Section 76-10-801 et seq., Utah Code or its successor.
1572		The chief building official or Fire Marshal may request that an administrative
1573	ee	mmittee, appointed by the Mayor, render an opinion regarding whether a particular
1574	bu	illding or structure should be demolished pursuant to the provisions of subsection A2 or
1575	A.	3 of this section.
1576	b.	If a committee demolition opinion is requested, information regarding the factual and
1577		legal basis for determining the propriety of the request shall be provided to the
1578		committee. The property owner shall be notified of the opinion request and may
1579		submit any information to the committee deemed relevant by the owner.
1580	e.	If after considering the factual and legal information provided, the committee
1581		recommends the building or structure should be demolished, the chief building
1582		official or Fire Marshal, as the case may be, shall consider such information in
1583		determining whether to authorize demolition.
1584	B.—E	xcept as provided in subsection B1 of this section, unless a building permit has been
1585	1 59	sued for one or more new buildings or structures located on the same site as the
1586	d€	emolished building or structure, within thirty (30) days after demolition is completed,
1587	la i	ndscaping shall be installed on the property according to the standards set forth in
1588	su	bsection 21A.48.100D2 of this Code.
1589	1.	A bond for landscaping shall not be required when a single-family dwelling is
1590		demolished and will be replaced by a new single-family dwelling.
1591	2.	This subsection B shall apply regardless of the zoning district in which the subject
1592		property is located and any contrary provision in title 21A of this Code.
1593	3.	Timely and proper installation and maintenance of landscaping shall be assured by a
1594		bond filed with the City as provided in section 18.64.030D of this chapter.
1595	4.	Required landscaping shall remain in place and shall be maintained until new
1596		construction is commenced on the subject property and may be removed to facilitate
1597		such construction. Thereafter, replacement landscaping shall be installed as may be
1598		required by this Code.

1599	5. A park strip abutting the subject property shall be maintained as provided in
1600	section 21A.48.060 of this Code or its successor.
1601	6. Notwithstanding the thirty (30) day requirement in this subsection B, installation of
1602	landscaping may be delayed due to weather conditions so long as landscaping is
1603	completed within six (6) months after demolition and the property owner escrows
1604	funds sufficient to assure installation of landscaping as determined by the Building
1605	Services and Licensing Division.
1606	C. 1. Except as otherwise provided in section 18.64.050 of this chapter, if one or more
1607	dwelling units located in a residential zone, whether or not occupied, will be removed
1608	under a demolition permit, a housing mitigation plan shall be prepared as required in
1609	chapter 18.97 of this title prior to issuance of the permit.
1610	2B. If proposed demolition involves a landmark site, a contributing principal building;
1611	structure, or a structure located in a the H Historic Preservation Overlay District, as
1612	provided in Section 21A.34.020 of this code, or its successor, a demolition permit shall
1613	be issued only upon compliance with applicable provisions of that section or its
1614	successor.
1615	D. 1. Notwithstanding contrary provisions of this section, a demolition permit for a building
1616	or structure may be issued if the Community Development Director certifies that the land
1617	on which the building or structure is located:
1618	a. Is subject to a Master Plan that envisions redevelopment of the land unless
1619	removal of the building or structure is inconsistent with the Master Plan;
1620	b. Is being assembled for redevelopment purposes; and
1621	c. Is part of a larger area being joined to create one or more larger parcels of
1622	developable land in order to implement the Master Plan.
1623	2. If a building permit for new construction is not issued within eighteen (18) months
1624	after demolition occurs pursuant to subsection D1 of this section, landscaping shall be
1625	installed as provided in subsection B of this section.
1626	
1627	18.64.045: DEMOLITION BY NEGLECT:
1628	A. Except as otherwise provided in subsection B of this section, a property owner shall not
1629	neglect a building or structure to the point that the building or structure fails to
1630	substantially conform to applicable standards of the state construction code and
1631	sections 18.50.140 to 18.50.230 of this title.
1632	B. 1. The owner of a boarded building shall maintain the exterior of the building as
1622	provided in Section 18 48 2505 "Exterior Maintenance" of this title or its successor

1634 1635	2. The interior of a boarded building shall not be subject to the provisions of subsection A of this section but shall be maintained as provided in section 18.48.250 of this title.
1636 1637	18.64.050: RESIDENTIAL DEMOLITION PROVISIONS:
1638 1639 1640 1641 1642 1643	A. Except as provided in <u>sSubsection</u> B of this section, if the structure for which a demolition permit is sought contains one or more dwelling units, whether or not occupied, the building official shall consider the impact of the requested demolition on the housing stock of Salt Lake City pursuant to the provisions of this section.
1644	B. This section shall not apply to any housing which:
1645 1646 1647 1648	1. Is a nonconforming use as provided by relevant provisions of € <u>T</u> itle 21A, "Zoning", of this code; or
1649 1650 1651	 Is located on property for which an applicable master plan or the current zoning envisions exclusive nonresidential use; or
1652 1653 1654 1655 1656	 a. Is proposed to be demolished for health or safety reasons as provided in this section 18.64.045 of this chapter or chapter 18.48 of this title or their its successors.
1657 1658 1659 1660	b. Notwithstanding <u>sSubsection B.3.a</u> of this section, housing which is demolished for health or safety reasons, which is the result of neglect pursuant to <u>sSection 18.64.045</u> of this chapter, shall be subject to the provisions of this section.
1661 1662	C. The building official, within ten (10) days after receipt of a demolition permit application, shall determine whether the requested demolition will result in:
1663 1664 1665 1666	 Construction of one or more residential units with a net loss of one or more dwelling units; or
1667 1668 1669 1670	2. No net loss of dwelling units will occur due to the anticipated construction of new dwelling units pursuant to an approved and issued building permit for the premises where the demolition will occur.
1671 1672 1673	 D. 1. If <u>sSubsection C.2</u> of this section applies, the building official shall issue a finding of no residential impact and the demolition permit may be issued.
1674 1675 1676	2. If <u>sSubsection C.1</u> of this section applies, the building official shall issue a finding of residential impact.

1678	E.	Upon making a finding of residential impact, the building official shall mail written
1679		notice to follow the owners and residents of property located within six hundred feet
1680		(600') from procedures outlined in Chapter 18.97. Once the property line of fee is paid,
1681		the lot where the proposed demolition work will take place as shown on the last equalized
1682		property tax assessment roll. Notice shall also permit may be mailed to any affected
1683		community organization recognized pursuant to section 2.60.040 of this code. The notice
1684		shall specify: issued immediately upon completion of the application process in Section
1685		<u>18.64.020.</u>
1686		
1687		1. The property proposed for demolition,
1688		2. The proposed replacement use,
1689		3. The proposed housing mitigation plan,
1690		4. The basis for the finding of residential impact, and
1691		5. The date and time of a hearing before the housing advisory and appeals board.
1692		
1693	F.	
1694		1. To allow time for effective consideration by the notified parties, the hearing before
1695		the HAAB shall take place not less than thirty (30) days after the finding of
1696		residential impact issued by the building official and not more than sixty (60) days
1697		after the finding.
1698		
1699		2. The HAAB shall take evidence from the applicant and all interested parties regarding:
1700		
1701		a. The effect of the proposed demolition and replacement use plan on:
1702		
1703		(1) The city's housing stock,
1704		(2) The city's employment and economic base,
1705		(3) The character of the neighborhood where the subject property is located,
1706		(4) The city's master plans for the area,
1707		(5) The city's adopted housing policy, and
1708		(6) Any other policy adopted by the city which applies to the subject property;
1709		b. The cost and economic practicality of repairing or remodeling the structure
1710		proposed for demolition to comply with zoning requirements and with building
1711		and housing codes; and
1712		c. The proposed method of housing mitigation, including the factual basis upon
1713		which the housing mitigation plan is premised and justified.
1714		
1715		3. The HAAB may encourage an applicant to work with the city and interested parties to
1716		repair, remodel, preserve, or increase the city's housing stock.
1717		
1718		4. The HAAB shall issue its decision not more than ten (10) days after the hearing.
1719		()g.
1720	G.	•
1721	٠.	1. Notwithstanding the acceptability of a housing mitigation plan, the HAAB may order
1722		that a demolition permit not be issued for an additional period not to exceed six (6)
		that a administrative permit her be about for all additional period her to exceed bin (0)

1723	months to allow the city and interested parties time to make further attempts to
1724	preserve the housing stock if the HAAB finds:
1725	
1726	a. The proposed demolition and replacement use plan are likely to:
1727	
1728	(1) Adversely impact the city's housing stock and character of the neighborhood;
1729	and
1730	(2) Such impact is not outweighed by any positive effects on the city's economic
1731	and employment base; and
1732	
1733	b. The structure proposed for demolition is economically practical to repair or
1734	remodel to comply with zoning requirements and building and housing codes.
1735	
1736	2. After any additional time period ordered by the HAAB has expired, the requested
1737	permit shall be immediately issued subject to compliance with the housing mitigation
1738	plan.
1739	
1740	3. If the HAAB does not make the findings required by this subsection G, the
1741	demolition permit shall be issued ten (10) days after the HAAB decision.
1742	
1743	H.
1744	1. The applicant or any person or entity required to be notified of the demolition
1745	pursuant to subsection E of this section, if aggrieved by the HAAB decision, may
1746	appeal to the mayor by filing a written notice specifying the grounds for such an
1747	appeal within ten (10) days of the HAAB decision.
1748	
1749	2. Any other party identified in subsection H1 of this section may respond to the appeal
1750	in writing within ten (10) days of the appeal.
1751	
1752	3. The mayor or the mayor's designee shall consider the appeal on the written record
1753	and shall issue a decision within ten (10) days of the close of any written submissions.
1754	Such decision shall be based on the criteria set forth in subsection F of this section
1755	and may be appealed within ten (10) days to a court of competent jurisdiction.
1756	
1757	18.64.070: PREDEMOLITION SALVAGE PERMITS:
1758	
1759	A. A predemolition salvage permit shall be required for removal of doors, windows, special
1760	glass, fixtures, fittings, pipes, railings, posts, panels, boards, lumber, stones, bricks,
1761	marble, or similar materials on the exterior or interior of any building prior to demolition
1762	of the structure. A predemolition salvage permit may be issued only contemporaneously
1763	with, or after, city approval of:
1764	1. A building permit for new construction on the premises following demolition, or
1765	
1766	2. A demolition permit.
1767	

B. A predemolition salvage permit fee shall be as shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule.

18.64.080: EXPIRATION; DILIGENCE:

A.—A demolition permit shall expire forty five (45) calendar days from the date of issuance, unless a completion date allowing more time is requested and approved by the building official at the time of application. A demolition permit may be renewed upon request prior to expiration with approval of the building official for one-half (1/2) of the original permit fee, provided continuous progress is being made. If a permit is allowed to expire without prior renewal, any subsequent request for reinstatement shall be accompanied by a reinstatement fee equal to the original demolition permit fee.

B. Once demolition has begun pursuant to a demolition permit, the permit holder shall diligently pursue completion of the work authorized thereunder. If such work is not diligently pursued the city may declare the bond required under subsection 18.64.030D of this chapter to be forfeited and may use the proceeds to finish demolition as provided in such section.

18.64.090: QUALIFICATIONS TO DO WORK:

A. It shall be unlawful for demolition work permitted under this chapter to be performed except by a wrecking and demolition contractor having a license in good standing issued by the <u>dD</u>ivision of <u>eO</u>ccupational and <u>pP</u>rofessional <u>lL</u>icensing in the Utah <u>dD</u>epartment of <u>eCommerce</u>.

B. Salvage work under a predemolition salvage permit may be done without a contractor's license provided all other applicable conditions of this chapter are met.

18.64.100: DEMOLITION REQUIREMENTS:

A. Prior to the commencement of any demolition or moving, the permittee shall plug all sewer laterals at or near sidewalk lines as staked out by the department of public utilities. No excavation shall be covered until such plugging is approved by the department or by the building official. The permittee shall further ensure all utility services to the structure and/or premises have been shut off and meters removed prior to commencement of demolition work.

B. When the applicant indicates the demolition will require more than thirty (30) days to complete, and where required by the building official for the safety of the public, the applicant shall also provide plans to fence the demolition site so that it is inaccessible to unauthorized persons in a manner acceptable to the building official. The building official may waive the fencing requirement if it is determined that fencing would be inappropriate or unnecessary to protect safety or health.

1811	
1812	C. A permit for demolition shall require that all materials comprising part of the existing
1813	structure(s), including the foundation and footings, be removed from the site. Unless
1814	otherwise approved under a building permit for redevelopment of the site, the depression
1815	caused by the removal of such debris shall be filled back and compacted to the original
1816	grade, as approved by the building official, with fill material excluding detrimental
1817	amounts of organic material or large dimension nonorganic material.
1818	
1819	D. Permitted demolition work, including filling and leveling back to grade and removal of
1820	required pedestrian walkways and fences, shall be completed within the permit period
1821	unless the building official finds that any part of the foundation of building or site will
1822	form an integral part of a new structure to be erected on the same site for which plans
1823	have already been approved by the building services and licensing division. In such
1824	event, the building official may approve plans for appropriate adjustments to the
1825	completion time and may impose reasonable conditions including the posting of a bond,
1826	erection of fences, securing, or similar preventions to ensure the site does not create a
1827	hazard after the demolition is completed.
1828	
1829	18.64.110: RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER ORDINANCE:
1830	
1831	Provisions of this chapter shall be subordinate to any contrary specific provisions of \underbrace{T} itle
1832	21A, eChapter 21A.34 of this code, dealing with demolition in historic districts, or its
1833	successor.
1834	
1835	18.64.120: VIOLATIONS:
1836	
1837	A. It is unlawful for the owner of a building or structure to violate the provisions of this
1838	chapter. Each day a violation occurs shall be a separate offense.
1839	
1840	B. Violation of the provisions of this chapter is punishable as a class B misdemeanor or by
1841	imposing a civil penalty as provided in sSection 21A.20.010 et seq., of this code.
1842	
1843	SECTION 6. Enacting the Text of Salt Lake City Code Section Chapter 18.64, Article
1844	II. That Section 18.64, Article II, of the <i>Salt Lake City Code</i> is enacted to read as follows:
1044	ii. That section 10.01, Afficie II, of the sail Lake City Code is chaeted to read as follows.
1845	Article II. Emergency Demolition
1846	
1847	<u>18.64.130: PURPOSE:</u>
1848	18.64.140: EMERGENCY DEMOLITIONS APPLICABILITY:
1849	18.64.150: IMMEDIATE CITY DEMOLITION:
1850	18.64.160: EMERGENCY DEMOLITION:
1851	18.64.170: BILL FOR COSTS; COLLECTION:
1852	
1252	18 64 130· PHRPOSE·

1854	
1855	Notwithstanding the other provisions of this chapter, the process for demolishing buildings in
1856	an emergency situation shall be as provided by this article.
1857	
1858	18.64.140: EMERGENCY DEMOLITIONS APPLICABILITY:
1859	
1860	If the building official determines that the walls or roof of a building or structure are
1861	collapsing, either in whole or in part, or in imminent danger of collapsing in such a way as to
1862	fall on other structures, property, or public rights of way, or create a danger to persons who
1863	may enter the property, or create a danger of fire, the building official may issue an order that
1864	the building should be demolished pursuant to this article.
1865	
1866	
1867	18.64.150: EMERGENCY DEMOLITION:
1868	
1869	If the chief building official declares an emergency, the notification and hearing provisions of
1870	section this chapter, or its successor, shall be waived and the building official may authorize
1871	immediate demolition of any structure that meets the standards of Section 18.64.140 of this
1872	chapter or its successor. The chief building official must make an emergency declaration in
1873	writing.
1874	
1875	18.64.160: BILL FOR COSTS; COLLECTION:
1876	
1877	A. Upon the completion of any city demolition pursuant to this article, the city shall mail a
1878	bill to the property owner for the city's costs of demolition which shall include the cost of
1879	the demolition contractor and a reasonable amount to pay the costs of city personnel
1880	involved in the demolition.
1881	
1882	B. If the bill is not paid within thirty (30) days, the city may take legal action to collect the
1883	<u>bill.</u>
1884	
1885	
1886	SECTION 7. Amending the Text of Salt Lake City Code Section 21A.06.090. That
1887	Section 21A.06.090 of the Salt Lake City Code (Zoning: Decision Making Bodies and Officials:
1888	Fines Hearing Officer) shall be amended to read as follows:
1889	21A.06.090: FINES HEARING OFFICER:
1890	
1891	A. Creation: The position of $F\underline{f}$ ines $H\underline{h}$ earing $O\underline{o}$ fficer is created pursuant to the enabling
1892	authority granted by the Municipal Land Use, Development, and Management Act,
1893	sSection 10-9a-701 of the Utah Code.
1894	

1895 1896 1897	B. Jurisdiction Aand Authority: The Ffines Hhearing Oofficer shall have the powers and duties set forth in eChapter 21A.20 of this title and Subsections 18.48.100.E and 18.48.100.F.			
1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907	C. Qualifications: The Ffines Hhearing Oofficer shall be appointed by the Mmayor with the advice and consent of the Ccity Ccouncil. The Mmayor may appoint more than on Ffines Hhearing Oofficer, but only one Ffines Hhearing Oofficer shall consider and decide upon any matter properly presented for Ffines Hhearing Oofficer review pursuant to eChapter 21A.20 of this title or Subsections 18.48.100.E and 18.48.100.F the case may be. The Ffines Hhearing Oofficer may serve terms of four (4) years each which may be renewed at the Mmayor's discretion. The Ffines Hhearing Oofficer shall either be law trained or have significant experience with the requirements and operations of administrative hearing processes.			
1908 1909 1910 1911 1912	D.	Conflict Oof Interest: The Ffines Hhearing Oofficer shall not participate in any appeal in which the Ffines Hhearing Oofficer has a conflict of interest prohibited by $\underline{\mathbf{T}}$ itle 2, eChapter 2.44 of this Ccode.		
1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918	E. Removal <u>Oof</u> The Fines Hearing Officer: The <u>Ffines Hhearing Oofficer</u> may be removed by the <u>Mmayor</u> for violation of this title, any relevant policies and procedure or any relevant provision of <u>Ss</u> tate law following receipt by the <u>Mmayor</u> of a written complaint filed against the <u>Ffines Hhearing Oofficer</u> . If requested by the <u>Ffines Hhearing Oofficer</u> , the <u>Mmayor shall provide the <u>Ffines Hhearing Oofficer</u> with a public hearing conducted by a <u>Hhearing Oofficer</u> appointed by the <u>Mmayor</u>.</u>			
1919 1920	S	SECTION 8. <u>Effective Date</u> . This ordinance shall become effective on the date of its		
1921	first pub	lication.		
1922 1923 1924	Passo	ed by the City Council of Salt Lake City, Utah, this day of, 202		
1925 1926		CHAIRPERSON		
1927 1928 1929 1930	ATTEST	Γ:		
1931 1932	CITY R	ECORDER		
1933 1934	Transmi	tted to the Mayor on		
1935 1936 1937	Mayor's	Action:ApprovedVetoed.		

	MAYOR
ATTEST:	
CITY RECORDER	
(05.41)	
(SEAL)	
D'II M (2002	
Bill No of 202	
Published:	